The Weather
FAIR

THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE

Last Edition

THIRTY-NINTH YEAR | BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 2, 1921 | PRICE FIVE CENTS

LLOYD-GEORGE AGREES TO GERMAN INVASION; MOVIE CENSORSHIP DIES IN LEGISLATURE; INDEPENDENT RECALL PLANS ANNOUNCED

FORM PROGRAM FOR RECALL OF EIGHT OFFICERS

Independent Plans Outlined Following Endorsement of Legislators

AFTER WOOD, POINDEXTER

Lieutenant-Governor and Auditor Included With Other Officials

RECALL PROGRAM

To recall Industrial Commission, Lieutenant-Governor, State Auditor, Justices Robinson, Grace and Bronson.

Precinct meetings March 18, county March 18, state March 23 and 24 at Devils Lake.

Joint Campaign Committee, as sub-committee of Committee of 21, in charge.

Petitions out first for initiated laws.

Election probably June 15.

"Schoolhouse Campaign on business management platform.

Campaign fund not less than $150,000.

Recall some senators and representatives.

The Independent recall plans were announced formally today.

Following the meeting of the Committee of Twenty-one in Fargo, and meetings of Independent legislators and others here Monday night and last night, a definite decision was reached.

The meeting of Independent legislators last night voted on two propositions: Endorsement of the meeting of the Committee of Twenty-one at Fargo when the recall was planned. Endorsement of the recall. The vote on the propositions was unanimous, it was stated, after considerable discussion during the two meetings, during which varied opinions were expressed, some for an earlier recall, some for a fall recall and the majority for a recall probably in June.

Campaign Council

It was decided that a campaign council should be created out of the Committee of Twenty-one, which will be composed of the chairman of the Anti-Townley Republican State committee, who is Judge B. F. Spaulding; the chairman of the Democratic state committee, who is Sveinbjorn Johnson, and the executive secretary of the Independent Voters' Association, who is Theo. G. Nelson.

This committee is empowered with the direction of the campaign.

Regarding the method of campaigning it was decided that there should be a "word to mouth" or schoolhouse campaign. In other words, the decision was that the campaign should not rest on published statements or newspaper campaigns, but that the campaign should be carried direct to every voter in the state, through small meetings, the basis of the argument of the Independents being, the business management record of the administration. The results of the house investigation and the facts brought forth in the legislature will be the basis of this argument, it was said.

Finance Talk

Regarding finances it was decided, though a budget was not definitely fixed, that a campaign fund of at least $15,000 was necessary. It was the opinion that $1 should be solicited from every Independent voter.

Petitions for the five "program laws" will be sent out immediately. Ten thousand signers are required to these. They are: the measure providing for a new alignment of the Industrial Commission, liquidation of the Bank of North Dakota, rural credits law and nonpolitical ballots for state elections. The petitions must be filed 90 days before election, so an effort will be made to file them as quickly as possible.

Petitions for recall require 30 per cent of the voters of the last general election, or about 70,000 voters. An election must be called 40 to 45 days after the petitions are filed.

Regarding Candidates

Regarding candidates the position was taken that the "office must seek the man" and that political cliques to push forward candidates before the Devils Lake convention March 23 and 24 should be discouraged.

This comprises the conditions on which the Independents will seek the recall of the state officials. It was expected from the start that a recall election would embrace efforts to recall Governor Frazier, Attorney-General Lemke and Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor Hagan, and Justices Robinson, Grace and Bronson of the supreme court.

It was decided that Lieutenant Governor Howard Wood should be included, as the presiding officer in the senate and potential Governor from his position. The name of State Auditor D. C. Poindexter also was brought in for recall.

The League Side

In addition the Joint Campaign Committee is authorized to direct recall proceedings be instituted in legislative districts where they are deemed necessary. The Independents

(Continued on Page 3)

CLOSE DOORS TO DISCUSS PLANS ON JAPANESE

Washington, Mar. 2.—On motion of Senator Lodge, the senate closed the doors for executive discussion of the Japanese question to swing sentiment for the naval appropriation bill.

Washington, Mar. 2.—The senate bill exempting national parks from water development passed the house and was sent to the President.

Washington, Mar. 2.—The senate judiciary committee was told that families of radicals deported on the 'soviet Ark" were in distress.

Washington, Mar. 2.—Creation of a cabinet department of national defense to combine war, navy and air bureaus has been recommended to President-elect Harding.

Washington, Mar. 2.—The house approved the senate measure to repeal all war-time laws and the bill now goes to the President.

Washington, Mar. 2.—President Wilson met with his cabinet for the last time, walking to the executive offices and bac.

WOMEN TO GET PLACES IN THE RECALL PLANS

Committee of Twenty-One Report Urges Equal Representation

THE LOCAL MEETINGS

Theo. G. Nelson outlined to the independent legislators here in their meetings the work of the Committee of Twenty-One, which met in Fargo Feb. 24, and announced the recall decision of the committee. The report was offered:

At that meeting Nelson reported that the Independent Voters Association in Bismarck had decided that as the program laws of Independents were introduced in the legislature that if they failed to passage, they should be initiated. The convention authorized the executive committee to take such action regarding a recall as was deemed advisable.

Questionnaires which had been sent out over the state, were presented. One hundred and twenty-four out of 142 expressed a preference that a recall election be held about June 15. It was stated while seven thought it better not to wait until June 15, four were in doubt, and the balance did not answer this proposition. Practically all of the informants answered that there had been a change of sentiment among Nonpartisans or that they were now reading both sides of the case, it was added. The general estimate was a 10 percent change in sentiment at this time.

Mr. Nelson said that, figuring in percentages, about 87 percent favored a recall election about the middle of June, with both program laws and candidates before the people.

"Every member of the Committee of Twenty-One took the floor and discussed as earnestly as any body of men ever deliberated, all angles involved in the question of a recall and committee concluded that it was advisable and necessary to have a recall election held on or about the 15th

(Continued on page 3)

TESTIMONY OF MGR. WALTERS REFUTED BY AID

McAneney Declares Part of Beach Man's Answers Not True

WILLING TO GO LIMIT

But Former Head of State Bank Wanted Fargo Bank to Send Note Back

L. P. McAneney, head of the credits department of the State Bank, gave testimony yesterday afternoon before the Senate investigation committee contradictory to that of J. R. Waters, former manager of the State Bank while on the witness stand before the house committee.

Attorney Sinkler explained before Mr. McAneney took the stand that Dr C. E. Stackhouse, physician of J. R. Waters had refused to let his patient give a deposition while in his present condition. He said that he expected to prove the falsity of Mr. Waters testimony, however, by the production of witnesses and records.

Waters Sent Money

Mr. McAneney testified that all of the money sent to the Scandinavian American on deposits was sent while J. R. Waters had been manager of the Bank and that he had sent money on order of Mr. Waters and that he had heard Mr. Waters order other officials of the bank to send the bank money but that Mr. Cathro had not ordered any money sent it for deposit.

Mr. McAneney identified Mr. Waters signature to an affidavit as to the owners of the United States Sisal Trust and testified that if the affidavit were true then certain testimony given by Mr. Waters before the house committee could not be true.

Mr. Sinkler took exception to the statement before the house committee that Mr. Waters could not write the flowers of speech and in proof read the famous "Our prayers have been answered" letter.

Calls Hastings

A letter was read which Mr. Waters wrote to M. J. Hagan of the Scandinavian American bank, in which he was suggesting that Mr. Hastings had better drop his attack on him because, "there are" still some matters to come before the grand jury and he is not out of the woods yet."

Mr. McAneney related Mr. Waters' antagonism to William Langer and his dissatisfaction because he didn't get as much money as Director-General Cathro and his resignation of August 18, 1919, unless he got more salary, but the witness testified that he didn't quit.

Wanted To Buy Bank

Mr. Sinkler then directed Mr. McAneney's attention to his trip with Mr. Waters to Fargo on January 1, 1920, and asked if Mr. Waters had not taken a notion that he wanted to buy the Scandinavian American bank The reply was that he had.

"Then Jim commenced to knock the bank?"

"Yes."

Letters were filed which were written by Mr. Waters while he was bank examiner and which criticised the paper in the Scandinavian American bank.

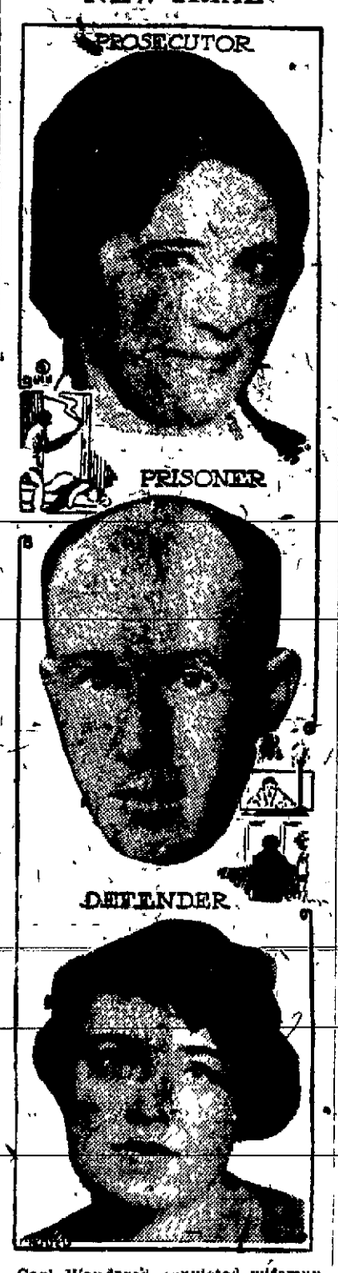
Approved Telegram

Mr. McAneney denied that when he went to Florida that he had told Mr Waters that if he kept silent he would be all right but threatened dire things if he didn't.

He said that he took a prepared

(Continued on page 3)

TRIO IN SLAYER'S NEW TRIAL



Carl Wanderer, convicted wifemurderer, who goes on trial on another first degree murder indictment, is shown in center. Above: Miss Bessie Sullivan, prosecutor, who'll ask the death penalty for him. Below: Mrs Irene Lefkow, who will defend him on an insanity plea

SLAYER'S DOOM HINGES UPON THEIR WISDOM

One Is Attorney for Prosecution Other Attorney for Defense

(N. E. A. Staff Special.)

Chicago, Mar. 2 Carl Wanderer's penalty for the murder of the "ragged stranger" depends upon the wit and resourcefulness of two women attorneys.

Wanderer's trial, starting March 1, is the first in Illinois courts in which two women have engaged in legal battle for the life of a man.

Miss Bess C Sullivan, newly appointed assistant state's attorney, will endeavor to send Wanderer to the gallows.

Mrs. Irene Lefkow, counsel for the defense, will try to save him from the death penalty

Miss Sullivan has practiced law in Chicago for five years. She has been the legal counsel in numerous cases for the Chicago Teachers Federation and for the Board of Education

Mrs Lefkow is associated with her husband, Alphonse Lefkow, in the practice of law She has been president of the Woman's Association of Commerce of Chicago for a year.

Murder Frameup.

The murder which was committed June 21, 1920, is the most curious which has ever come to the attention of the Chicago police.

Wanderer confessed that he arranged with a "poor bum" to stage a fake hold-up of Wanderer and his wife in the entrance to the Wanderer apartment so that he Wanderer, might kill his wife and attribute the murder to the fictitious robber

He further confessed that after he had killed his wife he shot and killed the accomplice so that he would not "squeal."

Last October Wanderer was tried and found guilty of the murder of his wife and her unborn child

The jury recommended mercy and Justice McDonald sentenced Wanderer to 25 years in the penitentiary The jury's verdict aroused a storm of disapproval

Again Indicted

After the trial Wanderer was re-

(Continued on page 3)

HOUSE SLASHES BUDGET BILL; HOME BUILDERS CUT TO BONE; UNIVERSITY AMOUNTS LOWERED

The house appropriations committee reported senate bill No. 25, as amended, to the house this afternoon.

The bill contains cuts estimated at $750,000 from the senate amount of $8,736,639.85 for the biennium, it was estimated, although accurate tabulation was not completed

The house committee reduced the appropriation asked for Home Builders' maintenance from $190,000 to $10,000, or as it was expressed, "enough to let them wind up the work now on hand."

An item of $11,187 77 for interest due the Bank of North Dakota from the state institutions, it being the sentiment of the committee that the state ought not to pay for borrowing "its own money"

Material cuts were made in the appropriations asked for the University of North Dakota at Grand Forks, and including $150,000 for a law building, which was stricken out. Some increases were made from the senate bill.

The highway commission appropriation was left at $50,000 a year.

Stenographers in the state house won a victory, when the house committee increased their salaries to $1,320 a year. The budget bill called for $1,500 a year and the senate cut them to $1,200 a year.

Representative John Maddock was to present a minority report containing about the same recommendations as the bill passed the senate.

The principal changes from the senate bill as made by the appropriations committee follow

The changes included

Salary secretary to governor, decreased $2,800 to $2,500.

Salary state law librarian, $2,500 to $2,000.

Attorney general's office—Total for biennium $52,500, instead of $91,100; reducing amount for assistant attorney generals from $26,000 to $20,800, and for office help from $13,000 to $10,000

Increase total amount for department public instruction, from $46,050 to $49,570.

Reduction total amount for office commissioner of agriculture and labor from $31,800 to $30,700. Reducing sal-

(Continued on Page 3)

SENATE DEFEATS CENSORSHIP BILL BY CLOSE VOTE

Senators Ettestad and Ingerson, Vote With Independents Against Bill

AMEND JURY ACT

Upper House Passes Bill Giving Women Right to Sit as Jurors

A surprise was spring this morning in the state senate when the movie censorship bill was killed and the clincher applied.

The vote was 23 to 25. Senators Ettestad and Ingerson, Nonpartisans, voted against the bill and one senator was absent.

Discussion Long

The discussion was prolonged. Senator Gross and others speaking for the bill admitted that they did not like many parts of it but declared they believed in a step in the right direction.

Senator Sperry wanted vaudeville acts included if the bill passed, as he said that it had been his experience that these were worse than any motion picture.

Steele Protests

Senator Steel of Stutsman, said that while he personally objected most strongly to the dime novel type of picture, yet he did not want to insist upon the correctness of his judgment. These pictures, he said, might serve a social purpose.

The senate already acted favorably upon a resolution asking the United States government to censor the motion pictures at their source of production.

House Bill 14—Making it illegal for any employer to interfere with the political activities of his employes passed. Senators Baird, Kendall, Thorson and Whitman were the independents voting for it.

Women May Act On Jury

House Bill 40—Which gives women the right to sit as jurors and is the same as the Liederbach bill which passed the senate but was defeated in the house, was adopted.

Hous Bill 105—Which makes certain changes making the practice uniform in the election of county central committee men, was amended by Senator Baker so as to make it illegal for any except the duly elected central committeeman to claim that office. This was directed at the Independent Republican committee. The bill as amended passed.

WHEAT RISES IN EARLY TRADING

Chicago, Mar. 2.—Decided upturns in the price of wheat resulted today from general buying based largely on talk of strained European political conditions. Besides country offerings were light. Opening quotations, which ranged from 3-4 to 2 1-2 cents higher, were followed by a reaction, and then a rise to still higher prices.

Prices closed unsettled one to 1 3-4 cents net higher.

ASSERTS STATE BANK IS NOT A PRIVATE BANK

Attorney-General Lemke and Divet Opposed Before Supreme Court

The funds of the bank of North Dakota cannot be garnisheed because they are state funds, William Lemke Attorney-General, contended before the supreme court today in the Sargent county garnishment case, up on appeal.

Mr Lemke, seeking to stop the garnishment proceedings which have been started in many counties, took the position that the bank was a department of state

A. G. Divet, one of the attorneys opposing Mr. Lemke in the case, declared that the Bank of North Dakota is a private institution, and not a department of state, and therefore is subject to garnishment laws. During the hearing Justice Robinson remarked that the supreme court had held once that the Bank of North Dakota was a private institution

GIVE UP HOPE FOR BONUS BILL

Washington, Mar 2—Hope of enactment at this session of the soldier bonus bill was abandoned today by its proponents.

PONZI, BOSTON WIZARD, WOULD SELL OUT BONDS

Charles Ponzi, who rose to notoriety in his trading in international exchange in Boston last summer, wants to sell North Dakota bonds.

Ponzi, it was learned today, had written a letter to a state official offering his services, referring to his $50,000 clients in New England" and stating that while" the bankers appear to have the best of him now he expects to come out on top.

Ponzi was arrested by government officials on charges growing out of his alleged get-rich-quick scheme in which he was alleged to have defrauded many people and claimed to have made millions on a 'shoe-string."

The official who received the letter treated it as a joke.

SEES HIGHWAY AID LOSS FOR NORTH DAKOTA

Unless Appropriation Is Granted for State Highway Commission

STATEMENTS ARE MADE

Unless an appropriation is granted for a state highway commission sufficient to assure federal recognition there is "grave danger that the federal government may not only refuse to make any more 'agreements' to set aside federal aid for North Dakota projects but may also consider that North Dakota has violated the terms of the agreements now in force and may refuse to make payment of federal aid upon those agreements," according to Frayne Baker, member of the commission.

Considerable alarm has been expressed by many people interested in good roads since the state senate cut the highway commission appropriation so low, Will E. Holbein, secretary of the North Dakota State Good Roads association, today said:

"The State Good Roads association stands for a strong and capable State Highway Commission as the only agency to which can be logically entrusted the improvement and maintenance of the State Highway System.

"The State Highway System is essential.

"It is not economy to fail to provide funds for systematic road improvement.

Extravagance and waste lies in submitting to the outrageously excessive costs of using bad roads.

"If North Dakota is really a progressive state she will go forward, not backward, in the Good Roads movement."

SENATE ADOPTS DISARMAMENT RESOLUTION

Upper House of Congress Asks President to Call Conference

Washington, Mar. 2—The senate adopted a resolution asking the president to call a disarmament conference between Japan, England and the United States.

FAIR WEATHER FOR MR. HARDING

Washington, Mar. 2.—Cold and probably fair weather will prevail here Friday during the inauguration of President-elect Harding, according to a special inauguration day forecast issued today by the weather bureau.

GRAIN DEALERS DISCUSS RATES AND R. R. CLAIMS

Jamestown, Mar 2 The subject of grain freight rates and claims and collections of such claims and the organization of mutual fire insurance companies occupied the attention of delegates to the tenth annual meeting of North Dakota Grain Dealers today

G M Spinger, traffic manager of the Midland Continental railroad spoke on freight rates and claims Mark Pickel, editor of American Co Operative Journal, opened discussion on mutual elevator companies, reading a report of his investigation covering a period of over a year

The elevator managers will meet this afternoon. The convention ends Thursday.

COUNCIL TAKES STEPS TO FORCE GERMAN ASSENT

Allies May Seize Custom Receipts in Occupied Territory Under Plan

OFFER INADEQUATE

London Newspapers Join in Vigorous Condemnation of Propocal

London, Mar. 2.—Mr. Lloyd George, the prime minister, consented today to the employment of armed force against Germany in the event of her non-compliance with allied reparation demands to the extent of the occupation of Mannheim by British, French and Belgian troops, and also of the Ruhr ports where coal is handled.

London, Mar. 2.—German customs receipts in the occupied territory would be taken over at the first step in forcing the payment of Germany's obligations should that prove necessary under a plan being drawn up by a committee of the supreme council today.

No indication that the Allies intend to occupy additional German territory appears in the instructions given by the Allied leaders to this committee, which is framing a reply to the German reparations commission made Tuesday.

Newspapers Score Offer.

The morning newspapers stated that the German offer of $7,500,000,000 was wholly inadequate.

Fantastic and grotesque were two of the adjectives the principal newspapers used in commenting. Even the pacifist Daily News confessed it was at a loss to understand the German stand.

Instructions given the committee which is drafting a reply to the Germans were in substance that the Allied government declines to discuss the proposals advanced with evident bad faith. Germany shall be reminded of her violations of the peace treaty. The German government will be informed of immediate steps the Allies will take to enforce payment.

Coblenz, Germany, Mar. 2. The American army will not advance beyond the lines now held in the event of occupation of Germany by other allied forces, it was learned today.

CONFIRM REPORT OF ANTI-SOVIET RUSS UPRISING

Official Confirmation of Threatening Revolution Reaches England

London, Mar. 2.—Reports received in official British circles confirmed reports of anti-soviet uprising in Russia. They state that the situation is serious. The latest official news did not indicate that the Bolsheviki had been over-powered, however.

CHAMP CLARK AGED 70, DIES IN WASHINGTON

Former Speaker of National House Succumbs to Pleurisy

Washington, Mar. 2.—Champ Clark died here today at 2:10 p. m. He was 70 years old and in two days would have retired from the house of representatives after a service of 26 years. Death was due to an attack of pleurisy and a complication of diseases incident to his advanced age.

Up to 10 days ago, however, when he developed a severe cold Mr Clark had shared actively in the proceedings of the house as Democratic leader

BANDITS GET U. S. MAIL LOOT

Oakland, Cal, Mar. 2—A mail truck was held up here early today and six packages of registered mail taken by three bandits, who, according to the driver, leaped from an automobile to the truck and covered him with revolvers. Value of the mail stolen was not learned.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

NEW BUILDINGS ARE RECOMMENDED FOR TRAINING SCHOOL AT MANDAN

Committee of Representatives and Senators Makes Report to Legislature

WANT A GYMNASIUM

Also Call Attention to Lack of Nurses and Teachers for Institution

The committee named by the legislature to investigate the condition of the State Training School at Mandan, against which much complaint has been registered, reported this afternoon to the legislature. Members of the committee were Senators Porter and Patten and Representatives Reichert, Kopp and Olsen.

The chief recommendations of the committee follow:

New power house, and remodelling of entire heating plant, building of a gymnasium, employment of teacher for big boys.

The report in full follows:

Report made by the legislative committee on the State Training School at Mandan, North Dakota.

Mr. ——

Your committee appointed to make an examination of the State Training School at Mandan, North Dakota, beg to report as follows: "Your committee spent the entire day of February 22, 1921, investigating the general needs, methods employed, charges as to venereal diseases and the results accomplished at the State Training School located at Mandan.

We were offered every opportunity by the superintendent, J. M. Devine, as well as by the officers of the institution, in getting any and all information regarding the character and condition of the buildings of the institution; main building, in which the large boys are housed: "C" Cottage in which the little boys live and the girl's building, which is situated some distance from the other institutional buildings. We find that these three buildings, in which the inmates and officers live cost the state all told $54,000. These buildings as well as all other buildings are the institution, including horse barn, dairy barn, hog and chicken houses, were erected by the labor of the inmates themselves, with the single exception of the main building, which was erected by contract labor twenty years ago.

We were given every opportunity to meet with and talk with the inmates personally, and took the occasion to do so.

Buildings Faulty.

The buildings are faulty in construction. The radiators in all of them are of an ancient type and should be replaced by a newer, better type. In the main building the second and third floors are laid with four inch pine flooring and have been in constant use for twenty years. The wear and tear of every day use and constant scrubbing have worn them until but little of the original thickness remains. This should be remedied as soon as possible. There are two dormitories (sleeping departments or halls 28x48), in this building. Each contains twenty single beds, which is their full capacity, and when measured by the fact that there is no system of ventilation, makes them unsanitary and unhealthful. The building is in so many ways defective that we feel it should be remodeled, special attention being given to ventilation and heating.

The little boy's building also lacks a system of ventilation and has the same defective heating system. The dormitory of this building is 25x30x9½ and contains twenty-four single beds, far too many for the cubic air space of the room. The superintendent informed us that at times he has, in this building, from twenty-four to thirty-nine little boys and is therefor often obliged to "double up" placing two in several of the beds.

The girl's building was visited and carefully inspected. Interviews were had with both the officers in charge and the inmates. As in the case with the other buildings we find this one well managed and directed, and everything neat and clean. The regular eighth grade course of study, as adopted by the state, is followed. Those completing the course take the regular examination. When graduated they secure the state diploma, with graduating exercises held as in any other graded school.

We found the plastered walls and ceiling were in very bad condition owing to faulty plumbing. In several of the rooms the ceiling plaster had fallen off from considerable areas.

No Trained Nurse.

Senator Dr. Porter expressed his surprise at not finding a trained nurse at this state institution where girls suffering from venereal diseases are committed and supposed to be treated. The medical profession acknowledges the fact that no person who has not had a nurse training is competent to handle cases of this kind, administering treatment to the patients and guarding the health of the other inmates and officers against these damnable diseases. Therefore we advise that this legislature demand that the Board of Administration secure a competent nurse for the Training School at Mandan at once. Said nurse to have charge of carrying out the instructions of the medical advisors of the entire institution.

Three or four years ago an appropriation of $5,000.00 was secured for repairing the girl's building. The roof was raised and a third story completed. On this floor was constructed an isolation ward of hospital room, with linen closet, toilet and bath room, thus providing an opportunity to segegrate, in the safest possible manner, inmates when necessary. Since that time all inmates coming to this building have been placed on this particular floor until full assurance was obtained that no contagious diseases of any character existed.

We might add that 75 per cent of the girls committed to this institution were sent there for immoral conduct; 60 per cent are affected with venerable disease, either in active form or resulting ailments. There are two at the present time that show gonorrhea in the active form, none suffering from syphilis. Dr. Nickerson also informed us that all girls arriving at the institution must undergo a rigid examination as to their physical condition in all lines.

There is practically no drainage system except an open ditch, which flows from the girls' building on the west directly by the other building on the east and finally empties into a pond made by nature, and there largely remains and has for twenty years. This pond or cess pool, as it is called is about one hundred fifty years from the center of activities of the school, namely the buildings of the litle and large boys. A process of destroying mosquitoes and flies is employed by pouring kerosene into the head of the ditch and over this cess pool twice each week, from the first of May to October. An appropriation to put in a modern, up-to-date drainage system in the sum of $25,000.00 was appropriated by the 12th Legislative Assembly.

Need Gymnasium

The need of a gymnasium is imperative. While base ball, foot ball and basket ball each go on in their season, still these can be played only during the late spring and summer months, leaving the long winter months, with their long evenings, in which the boys, particularly, are obliged to remain in their stuffy, ill ventilated school rooms until the order for retiring at night is given. This condition should, we believe, be remedied promptly.

We found the buildings orderly and in a clean well kept condition. Inmates are well clothed and well fed and in general appearance and health care.

Boys' Examined.

On being received at the institution all boys and girls are examined by the institution's physician. Dr. Nickerson for general physical defects; Dr. Larabee for eye, ear, nose and throat troubles and Dr. Percy for any dental needs, and whatever difficulties are found to exist are at once given the proper treatment necessary to remove the evil or defect. The activity along these lines is indicated by the amount expended during the past biennial period for these specific purposes. Itemized as follows it is:

Drs. Nickerson and Altnow	$1,452.00
Dr. Speilman	331.50
Dr. Larabee	170.00
Dr. Percy	434.50
Mandan Hospital	826.25
Mandan Drug Store	137.99
Taylor Drug Co.	7.00
Dr. A. O. Henderson, Chiropractic	10.00
	$3,369.23

In conversation regarding these matters the superintendent stated that 85 per cent of all inmates who come to the institution need the services of a physician or surgeon; eye, ear, nose and throat specialists or dentist, and quite a large per cent need all three.

Tooth brushes and paste are furnished all inmates and not a few have to be taught how to use them.

Recommendations.

Power House—We recommend a new power house and new boilers. This should be built at some point safe from high water.

Heating Plant—We recommend the remodelling of the entire heating plant.

Gymnasium—We recommend a new building for a gymnasium of sufficient capacity to afford dormitory accommodations in the upper story.

Teacher for Big Boys—At present time the big boys have no teacher. A teacher should be provided at the earliest possible time, and a teacher for small boys so as to relieve the matron of that duty and enable her to devote her time to the care and supervision of the small boys committed to the institution.

Respectfully submitted,
CARL B. OLSEN,
PIUS KOPP,
C. W. REICHERT,
R. W. PATTEN,
W. H. PORTER.

The Best Cough Syrup is Home-made.

Here's an easy way to save $2, and yet have the best cough remedy you ever tried.

You've probably heard of this well-known plan of making cough syrup at home. But have you ever used it? When you do, you will understand why thousands of families, the world over, feel that they could hardly keep house without it. It's simple and cheap, but the way it takes hold of a cough will quickly earn it a permanent place in your home.

Into a pint bottle, pour 2½ ounces of Pinex; then add plain granulated sugar syrup to fill up the pint. Or, if desired, use clarified molasses, honey, or corn syrup instead of sugar syrup. Either way, it tastes good, never spoils, and gives you a full pint of better cough remedy than you could buy ready-made for three times its cost.

It is really wonderful how quickly this home-made remedy conquers a cough—usually in 24 hours or less. It seems to penetrate through every air passage, loosens a dry, hoarse or tight cough, lifts the phlegm, heals the membranes, and gives almost immediate relief. Splendid for throat tickle, hoarseness, croup, bronchitis and bronchial asthma.

Pinex is a highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and has been used for generations for throat and chest ailments.

To avoid disappointment ask your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with directions, and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

WILSON UPHOLDS MEN

Washington, March 1.—Pres. Wilson today came to the aid of B. D. Bauruch and John Ryan, who have ben charged with Rep. Mason, Republican, with profiteering in copper while serving the government during the war.

TAKEN TO HOSPITAL

Miss Mary Brady of 307 4th street was taken to the hospital Saturday evening.

Last year Italy sent us 2,640,000 pounds of lemon peel in brine for the manufacture of marmalade.

A Bismarck Interview

Mrs. Reynolds Tells Her Experience

The following brief account of an interview with a Bismarck woman twelve years ago, and its sequel, will be read with keen interest by every citizen.

Mrs. N. F. Reynolds, 417 Madison Ave., Bismarck, says: "Doan's Kidney Pills have cured me of years of suffering from dull aching pains through my back and kidneys, and of other symptoms of kidney trouble My ankles swelled and I found it difficult to get my shoes on at times. After trying several different kidney remedies without getting the least help finally got Doan's Kidney Pills at Lenhart's Drug Store and a few doses convinced me that they were a good remedy so I continued using them until all trace of my trouble had entirely disappeared." (Statement given September 23, 1907.)

On October 11, 1919, Mrs. Reynolds said: "I think just as highly of Doan's Kidney Pills as when I recommended them in 1907. I have used them on several occasions since when I have taken cold and noticed a slight return of my former trouble and I always obtain prompt relief."

60c at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. Advt.

HOW TO WIN! SHE TELLS BY WHIT HADLEY

Grace A. King was born in Appleton, Wis., of poor parents.

She worked her way through school by "selling things" from house to house.

Then she became a saleslady in a department store.

Today she is hired by a big manufacturing company to travel about the United States and teach salesgirls how to do their work better.

"Did you ever see a sleepy, indifferent salesgirl?. Did she manicure her nails in public? Did she powder her nose and pat her hair when she should have been giving you all of her attention? Did she say, 'We ain't got it,' or 'This here kind,' or 'Whatda-you want?' Those are the girls who are discouraged and who fail. I am teaching them how to win."

Miss King is earning $10,00 a year for this work.

NAZIMOVA HERE SOON IN "MADAME PEACOCK"

Nazimova will appear Wednesday at the Eltinge Theatre in two characters each resembling in some measure the great Russian star's own career. The picture is "Madame Peacock", from a story by Rita Weiman, and it brings Nazimova to the screen first as Jane Goring, a resplendent stage star, and then as Gloria Cromwell, a young girl as naive and charming as Jane is brilliant.

Certainly Nazimova should make this story live, for she has been in the course of her remarkable career both the young girl of great promise and the great actress who has fulfilled promise.

In this her latest Metro picture Nazimova has chosen George Probert for her leading man. The star herself adapted the picture for direction by Ray C. Smallwood. Rudolph Bergquist photographed it and Edward Shulter provided special art settings.

A. O. U. W.

A regular meeting of Bismarck, Lodge A. O. U. W., will be held this evening at Elk's hall at 8 o'clock. Initiation and feed.

COLDS

'Pape's Cold Compound" is Quickest Relief Known

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffling! A dose of Pape's Cold Compound" taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks any cold right up.

The very first dose opens clogged nostrils and the air passages of the head; stops nose running; relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness.

"Pape's Cold Compound" costs only a few cents at drug stores. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, contains no quinine—Insist upon Pape's!

FARMERS AND TRAPPERS ATTENTION

Don't Sell Hides and Furs Under Prevailing Low Market. Let us tan them either into fur sets, robes, coats or leather and use same to a good advantage instead of sacrificing them at the present low prices. Send for FREE price list and tags. If you prefer selling we always pay the highest market price.

THE BISMARCK HIDE & FUR CO.
Bismarck, North Dakota

JOHN BORTELL
Auto Radiator and Sheet Metal Work
BISMARCK, N. D.

RADIATORS FOR AUTOS, TRUCKS AND TRACTORS

Repaired, Rebuilt, Recored and Cleaned out by up to date process, which has no equal.

We are agents for the Famous "S. J." Cores and Radiators guaranteed against damage from freezing, unequaled for durability and efficiency.

Tanks made and repaired, Bodies, Fenders, Lamps and Windshields Repaired.

We have the oldest shop in the state. Send us your work. The price will be right. All work guaranteed.

DIAMONDS SLUMPING IN PRICE

Chicago, Mar. 1.—Diamond prices increased 60 per cent between 1880 and 1920, according to Chicago trade experts. They advanced 200 per cent during the war. They reached the peak of all the ages in 1919 and remained at the maximum until the middle of 1920. There has since been a small decline.

"In 1880," said Sidney Ball, a Chicago expert, "diamonds of high quality retailed at $100 a carat; in 1890 at $150; in 1900 at $250; in 1910 at $350; in 1914 at $400; in 1917 at $500; in 1918 at $600; and in 1919 at $700. The price now is $550.

"The best diamonds, blue-whites, canary-colored, browns and those of other tints known to the trade as 'fancy', command as much as $1,000 a carat. No set rules govern the value of the larger stones. Prices depend on size, color, brilliancy and cutting.

"The advance of diamond prices up to the war period was due to the arbitrary business methods of the De Beeds Consolidated Mines Ltd., that controls the output of the South African mines which yield 98 per cent of the world's diamonds. When mining was inexpensive and the output was around 5,000,000 carats annually, prices continued to advance despite a seemingly inexhaustible supply. The company's announced policy was to prevent the ancient jewel of kings from becoming cheap and common.

"Record prices in war times were due to labor shortage and a consequent shortage of output at the mines and unexampled prosperity in the United States which made working people the nation's greatest diamond buyers. For years the United States has absorbed 85 per cent of the South African output.

"The United States, according to government statistics, imported $1,000,000 worth of diamonds in 1867, the year the South African fields were discovered. Imports last year were valued at $89,000,000.

TIPLITZ CAN TAKE 'EM

Milwaukee, Mar. 1.—Fans here say Joe Tiplitz, Philadelphia scrapper, is the toughest kid since the days of Kid Broad. "Tip" has been in nearly 300 battles and never been floored.

Turtle Lake, March 1.—Turtle Lake's high school basketball team defeated Coleharbor Friday, at Turtle Lake.

FOR SALE—Star Restaurant. In good location. Phone 353. 3 1-5t

Overland

PHONE 490

Service

LAHR MOTOR SALES CO.

Willys Knight

Sleeve-Valve Motor

Dear Public
Something wonderful has just happened to us. A terrible bad man came to Yuzville and the sheriff offered $1,000—dead or alive—and Andy—oh, but we mustn't tell. You can see it all at the—

BISMARCK THEATRE

Tonight and Tomorrow

Yours for entertainment Nineteen and Phyllis

LANPHER HATS

The shape of the crown—the set of the brim—the richness of the color—the splendid quality in style "Braddock" ought to make it your hat.

JAGER TRANSFER LINE

521 Broadway

Phone 18

Light and Heavy Hauling

SAND and GRAVEL

House Moving

Piano and Furniture Moving

Excavating and Grading

COAL and WOOD

All Work Guaranteed

Hart, Schaffner & Marx

Clothes for Spring are great values

$35 - $40 - $50

You may be able to find cheaper prices but nowhere can you find better quality for so little money. Never forget that quality determines whether a price is low or not. A good suit at $50 is less expensive than a poor one at $25.00.

S. E. BERGESON & SON

Clothes Made to Measure $30.00 Up

A Two Day Tractor School

A. C. Staak of the Aultman-Taylor Mch. Co., is having a two day tractor school at the

FARMERS UNION HALL

Owned by Louis Tibeson, Dealer, of the "Starved Rooster Line."

Mr. H. E. Rupp of Mansfield, Ohio, and Mr. L. C. Grove of Mpls., Minn are the instructors.

This school is held for the benefit of all tractor owners, operators and all persons interested in Power Farming Machinery.

USE TRIBUNE WANT ADS

COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL

$$ IN YOUR POCKET $$

IF YOU BURN

The Famous Wilton Screened Lump Lignite Coal. The Coal That Is All Coal. This Coal does not Clinker and contains less Sulphur and Ash than any other Lignite Coal mined in North Dakota. $5.50 Per Ton Delivered.

KLEENBURN
Northern Wyoming Coal
ACME
CARNEY
MONARCH

$12 per Ton Delivered

No Soot No Smoke No Dirt No Clinkers

Washburn Lignite Coal Co.

Phone 453 Phone 453

COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL COAL

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

ELTINGE Home of Super-Specials

SPECIAL TONIGHT—ORGAN CONCERT
Berceuse from Jocelyn — Godard

TONIGHT
NAZIMOVA
The Star Supreme in
"Madame Peacock"
A Gorgeous, Powerful Photo-drama of the Destiny of a Woman for Whom the Love of Man Was Not Enough. NO ADVANCE IN PRICES

And Coming Soon
"Behold My Wife"

BISMARCK THEATRE

Tonight Tonight
Charles Ray
In His New Production
"19 and Phyllis"
Two packed houses last night enjoyed this wonderful attraction. Please come early. Performance at 7:15 sharp.

Arrange now to see the season's Comedy Sensation
"The Rookies Return"
Commencing Monday

FALSE RUMORS STATE INDUSTRY WOULD BE CRIME

Senate Amends "Criminal Syndicalism" Bill by Some Surprising Features

AIMED AT BANK CRITICS?

League Senators Practically Rewrite House Bill; Some See It as Joke

Criminal syndicalism, as defined in a bill amended in the state, would include many actions.

Two bankers or merchants or others who joined to raise prices beyond ordinary rules of supply and demand would be guilty of criminal syndicalism. Two bankers or merchants or other who joined in a combination in restraint of trade would would also be guilty of this offense.

And, under the amendment, any persons who joined to print or publish any false rumor or report which "tends to destroy the confidence of the people in the government of the state of North Dakota" would be guilty under the measure.

Also combinations to force down wages, or blacklisting employes.

Also the charging rent to yield more than 12 per cent on an investment

Intention of Bill.

All these above provisions were tacked on to house bill No. 100, introduced by Representative Roy Johnson as a bill aimed at the I. W. W., in the senate. Plainly league senators intended to put in provisions aimed at critics of the Bank of North Dakota and the state administration, against the alleged "open shop" drive, and other critics of the administration.

The Provisions.

The bill was expected to pass in the senate, but will be regarded in the house as league propaganda. The amendment probably spells death for the bill.

Secetion 1, rewritten in the senate follows:

Section 1. Criminal Syndicalism Defined. Criminal syndicalism is hereby defined as the doctrine which advocates crime, sabotage, violence, or other unlawful methods of terrorism as a means of accomplishing industrial ends, and includes and comprehends all unlawful combinations in restraint of trade, and all combinations of bankers, merchants, or others, which raises the price of any commodity or merchandise above what the price of such commodity or merchandise would be under the ordinary course of supply and demand, or the charging of a higher rate of interest than is customary in like communities where no combination exists; the printing or publishing, wilfully or knowingly, of any false rumor or report which tends to destroy the confidence of the people in the government of the state of North Dakota or of the United States, or which tends to destroy the people's confidence in any industry in which the state of North Dakota or in which the government of the United States is engaged; the entering into combination or agreements by telephone or telegraph companies, railway companies, bankers, or any other group of men for the purpose of forcing down wages or for the purpose of blacklisting any man or woman or any group of men or women who work for wages; the charging or receiving by any corporation, company, or person of a rental for any flat, dwelling house, or other property, in any city or organized town or village, that would produce a rate of income greater than twelve percentum per annum on the original cost to the present owner of said flat, dwelling house, or other property, after paying the tax and all reasonable and necessary charges for insurance and repairs thereon. The advocacy of such doctrine, whether by word of mouth or writing, of the doing of any such acts, is hereby declared a felony punishable as in this act otherwise provided."

Webb Brothers
"The Home of New Styles"

SPECIAL SHOWING of New Silk Underwear, Blouses and Silk Hosiery during NATIONAL SILK WEEK

New Silk Blouses

Some elaborately embroidered and beaded, some semi-tailored, and others plain, both in line and material—soft Georgettes, Crepe de Chine, Canton Crepe, all are beautifully made.

The prices range from $4.95 to $22.50

Silk Underwear

Practical women will find this a splendid opportunity to obtain their Spring and Summer Supply of Dainty Silk Underwear. Included in the display are Envelope Chemises, Corset Covers, Camisoles, Gowns and Knickers.

Most Moderate Prices Prevail.

Lustrous Silk Hose

Our present showing of Silk Hose includes a wide range of styles and in shades to match every costume.

The prices range from $1.25 to $4.50.

ODD FELLOWS TO MEET HERE DURING JUNE

Grand Lodge Will Hold Sessions in Bismarck, It is Definitely Announced

The grand lodge of Odd Fellows of North Dakota will meet in Bismarck in June, it is definitely announced.

Information given to members of Bismarck lodge, I. O. O. F., last night, stirred the local members to further increase the rapidly growing organization. The exact date in June has not been determined. There will be at least 500 visitors from all over the state, it is expected.

Twenty candidates were initiated in the local lodge last night, which is showing a remarkable growth. The members feel that there is an excellent chance of gaining for Bismarck the new state home of the lodge.

With the meeting of the grand lodge here will also be the meeting of the Rebekahs of the state.

FORGERS GET STIFF SENTENCE

Fargo, Mar. 2.—Jerome Patterson, recently released from the state penitentiary at Bismarck, was sentenced to 14 months in the penitentiary and Fred Riley, arrested a few days ago by the sheriff's office, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary, when they pleaded guilty late yesterday in Cass county district court to charges of cashing worthless checks.

Patterson was arrested by the police department and Riley by the sheriff and police departments a week ago following charges made by local merchants against the two men of "obtaining money under false pretenses."

Judge A. T. Cole, in imposing the sentences, said that he made them unusually severe for the reason that check forging had increased during the last few months to a remarkable degree and that the giving of light sentences to those convicted of forgery has tended to increase instead of lessen the crime. He said that check forgers in the future would be severely dealt with.

FORM PROGRAM FOR RECALL OF EIGHT OFFICERS

(Continued from Page 1)

will seek to have control of both the house and senate.

On the Nonpartisan league side it is maintained that a recall election will include all state offices. If the Independents try to recall certain league officials, they will try to recall certain Independent officials, they say. The league has called precinct meetings for the middle of March to start the campaign, and have announced that they expect to raise $100 in each township, or a campaign fund of from $200,000 to $250,000.

Around the lobbies of the hotels there is considerable talk about recall and about candidates. This talk includes reports that a third party movement is on foot, or that a third ticket will be in the field, embracing both Nonpartisan and Independents.

HOUSE SLASHES BUDGET BILL; HOME BUILDERS CUT TO BONE; UNIVERSITY AMOUNTS LOWER

(Continued from Page 1)

ary dairy commissioner from $2,800 to $2,500.

Reducing total amount board railroad commissioners from $92,950 to $86,150.

Reducing total amount for state examiner from $154,090 to $148,290; decreasing salaries of nine road deputies from $19,000 per year to $18,000.

Increasing tax commissioners office $66,000 to $67,420.

Decreasing amount for board of administration from $93,120 to $19,120, eliminating entirely $54,400 for executive, auditing and supply department experts, etc.

University of North Dakota, reduced from $932,950 to $798,950.

Agricultural college appropriations as fixed by senate virtually unchanged.

Valley City normal decreased from $362,926.16 to $310,886.10. Minot normal from $327,250 to $227,250. Mayville normal and Ellendale normals virtally changed. School of Science, Wahpeton, increased from $51,672 to $56,672.

State capitol maintenance, etc., cut from $118,180 to $108,260.

Hospital for insane, Jamestown, reduced from $33,400 to $205,900.

State penitentiary, $88,600 to $362,100.

Reform school, Mandan, $113,750 to $119,750.

Highway commission left at $100,000 for two years.

Capital stenographers' salaries increased from $1,200 per year to $1,320.

INDICT 74 IN 'CEMENT TRUST'

New York, Mar. 2.—Indictment against 74 corporations and 40 individuals as members of a cement trust were returned.

WEATHER REPORT

For Twenty-four hours ending at noon March 2.

Temperature at 7 a. m.	29
Temperature at noon	None
Highest yesterday	55
Lowest yesterday	36
Lowest last night	29
Precipitation	06
Highest wind velocity	36-NW

Forecast

For North Dakota: Fair to-night and Thursday; colder to-night.

Coyle Visitor.

J. J. Coyle, attorney of Minot, is a visitor in the city.

Here From Minot.

Major Person, banker and large ranch owner of Minot is in the city.

Attorney Here.

S. A. Sweetman of Forman, state's attorney of Sargent county, is in town in connection with legal matters.

Auxiliary to Meet.

The Woman's Auxiliary of the American Legion will meet tonight at the American Legion hall. All members are requested to be present. A social hour will follow the meeting.

CHINESE GIRLS SOLD

Chinese parents in the famine districts, writes an American missionary in China, are selling their daughters for 100 cash each. That doesn't mean $100. Cash is the smallest Chinese coin, worth about a tenth of an American cent; 100 cash equals one dime.

DROWED WHILE CROSSING THE MISSOURI RIVER

Young Indian Woman Meets Death When Team Goes Through Ice

Mary Snow, a young Indian woman, was drowned in the Missouri river south of Bismarck when the wagon in which she was riding plunged through the ice yesterday, according to information received here today.

The young woman, who is of one of the best Indian families in the Cannon Ball district, was riding in a wagon drawn by a team of horses. Her mother, brother and two men were in the wagon.

The wagon plunged through the ice and the young woman was caught under the ice, it was said. The others were rescued.

Many crossings on the river now are considered dangerous, because of the continued fair weather.

BOARD MEMBER HERE.

Mr. Holbienson of Golden Valley, member of the State Pharmacy Board was in Bismarck on business today.

Beach Attorney Here.

Mark Jones, attorney of Beach and well-known North Dakota politician, was in Bismarck yesterday on legal matters and attended the conference of the Independents last night.

Criers to Entertain.

The Twn Criers, at a meeting last night, decided to aid in the entertainment of the Yeoman conclave, which meets in Bismarck, April 13, the first convention of what is expected to Bismarck's banner convention year. An automobile ride will be one of the features of the entertainment.

State Asked to Help Stop This Waste

TO young America, the school boys and girls of the United States, Federal and State Government officials and business men everywhere have turned in the hope that the country's enormous losses by fires, amounting in the past five years to $1,416,000,000, may be greatly reduced if not almost entirely eliminated.

Following the example of New Jersey, where a law has just gone into effect prescribing instruction in the causes of fires and their prevention, as a part of public school work, the legislature of this State and those of most of the other States of the Union are expected to pass this year a bill providing for such instruction in the schools.

Under the leadership of the National Association of Credit Men and its affiliated State organizations the Federal Government, through the United States Bureau of Education and the United States Forest Service, is cooperating with the National Fire Protection Association, the Fire Marshals' Association of North America, the National Board of Fire Underwriters and other organizations in a movement for the adoption of State laws, like that in New Jersey, requiring public school instruction for at least an hour a month, in fire causes and prevention.

"The proposed law is so simple and attacks the problem before us so directly," says J. H. Tregoe, secretary-treasurer of the Credit Men's Association, "that the measure should meet no opposition in any State."

It is hoped that as the result of this instruction the next generation will hate fire waste and the carelessness that causes it. In teaching fire prevention in the schools it is planned to strike at the root of the national evil by beginning with instruction of the children.

"If each of the school children in the United States would learn how to prevent fire and would form habits of carefulness and consideration, it would go far in saving lives and property," says Dr. P. P. Claxton, United States Commissioner of Education, of this movement. He has written to the educational departments of this and the other States urging them to cooperate in having the fire prevention education bills enacted at the present sessions.

TESTIMONY OF MGR. WATERS REFUTED BY AID

Continued from page 1)

resignation with him to Miami and that Mr. Waters took it and appeared to be preparing a draft from it. Mr Waters told him that he had sent the letter to the governor, he said, and Mr. Waters and he went to the telegraph office and wired Ray Craig, manager of the Nonpartisan league, the resignation. The telegram, he said, was approved by Mr. Waters.

Mr. McAneney testified that Mr. Cathro was opposed to take any of the famous $300,000 bundle of notes sent down by the Scandinavian American bank for rediscount by the State Bank. He said Mr. Waters did want to take some of them. Mr. Cathro objected that it looked like League paper.

A letter was read written by Mr Waters in August, 1919, to Mr. Hagen, president of the Scandinavian American bank, in which Mr. Waters said that he had had a talk with Mr Townley regarding a $7,500 note which he had signed as an accommodation. He said he wanted to give notice that he was refusing payment. As far as sending money to the bank from the State bank, he said, he was willing to go as far as possible and then some, and "I want my note back."

Did Not Turn Up.

Mr. McAneney testified that the "note" has not turned up to his knowledge.

A letter was also read from Mr Waters to the Scandinavian American bank instructing them to deposit two drafts, one from S. C. Pandolfo, formerly of the Pan Motor company, for $1,000 and one from Alex Stern, Fargo for $1,000, to the credit of the Sisal Trust account.

William Lemke, attorney general, was on the stand when the committee adjourned relating the history of cases with which he had been connected and attempting to show a conspiracy to discredit the state industries that led back to the fight started by former Attorney General Linde on the Equity Co-operative exchange.

Mr. Lemke testified that in all of the cases in which he has represented the state as special counsel of Governor Frazier, he has not received any money. This point was emphasized by Attorney Paddock who was questioning him and the large crowd present joined in the astonishment of Mr. Paddock that an attorney should act that way.

WOMEN TO GET PLACES IN THE RECALL PLANS

(Continued from page 1)

day of June," the report said. The report continued:

How Selected

"For the purpose of nominating candidates to take the places of those officials who would be recalled, it was agreed that a state convention should be held, to be composed of delegates from the various legislative districts in the state, on the basis of one delegate for every 200 voters or a major fraction east for the State Board of Auditors law, at the last general election, in each of the various legislative districts, the delegates to be selected in district convention held in each legislative district, these district conventions to be composed of one delegate for every fifty voters, or a major fraction east for the Board of Auditors law, in the respective precincts at the general election, provided that each precinct should be entitled to at least one delegate."

All men and women alike who are in favor of a recall election will be entitled to participate in the precinct meetings, and further that "a number of women delegates should be elected to the district conventions, and that a number of women delegates should be elected to the district conventions and from the district conventions to the state convention."

Dates For Conventions

The dates for the conventions were fixed as follows:

"Precinct meetings to elect delegates for the district conventions to be held on March 16th was recommended to be held between the hours of two and three o'clock on that day. The committee put in charge of the campaign, however, has concluded to recommend that the hour be from four to five on account of the fact that so many of the polling places in the rural districts are in school houses and that the school houses could therefore not be used until after school hours. The date for district conventions was fixed as March 18 at 2 p. m. and the state convention to be called for March 23rd at 10 a. m. and to continue to the 24th if needed to complete the business. After considerable discussion and a number of motions and amendments it was finally decided to have the anticipated state convention at Devils Lake.

"A motion was made and unanimously carried, to the effect that the joint committee, which had charge of the general election campaign of 1920 for the Independent forces of the state, should have charge of the recall and initiative election campaign, and be known as the 'joint campaign committee? This committee consists of the chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, the Chairman of the Republican Central Committee, and the Secretary of the Independent Voters association.

Beulah Lignite Coal $5.50, Bear Creek Coal $12.50, Stove Wood $3.25, delivered. Wachter Transfer Co. Phone 62 or 63.

SLAYER'S DOOM HINGES UPON THEIR WISDOM

(Continued from page 1)

indicted on the charge of murdering the "poor bum."

Wanderer and Miss Ruth Johnson were engaged to marry when the war broke out. Wanderer went overseas as a second lieutenant. He won the Croix de Guerre, the Distinguished Service medal, and promotion to a first lieutenancy.

He returned to Chicago and married Miss Johnson, Oct. 1, 1919.

He quickly tired of his wife and planned to get her $1,500 savings. He advised his wife to draw out the money so they could buy a house. This she did.

Finds Ragged Youth.

On Monday Wanderer went down town and struck up an acquaintance with a tattered young man, whom he promised a job driving a truck if the youth would meet him that evening.

They met and went to the home of a cousin, Fred Wanderer, where Wanderer borrowed an automatic pistol. Then Wanderer told the tattered stranger that his job was to follow him and his wife from a moving picture theater that evening to their home, where he was to "hold them up."

Wanderer ate a hearty dinner with the wife he was to kill two hours later. After the meal he suggested a movie, and while his wife was getting ready to go he slipped his own automatic into his pocket and loaded his cousin's gun.

They had seen only a portion of the picture when Wanderer said he was tired of the show and wanted to leave.

Hold-Up in Vestibule.

They sauntered home. In the shadows of the vestibule of the Wanderer apartment, the stranger commanded them to hand over their money.

Wanderer opened fire with both pistols. The first shots hit the floor. Two struck Mrs. Wanderer and she died instantly. Then he fired three bullets into the tramp.

Wandered emptied four more bullets into the walls, then fell upon the ragged sttranger and beat his skull against the tile flooring, to insure his death.

Lastly he placed his cousin's gun beside the dead man's body. It was this mistake which finally fixed the murder upon him.

For the identification of the pistol led to proof of his frameup and his conviction.

Phonograph Records all the latest hits just received at Maynard's Musical Merchandise, 214 Main St.

"CASCARETS" IF SICK OR BILIOUS

Tonight sure! Let a pleasant, harmless Cascaret work while you sleep and have your liver active, head clear, stomach sweet and bowels moving regular by morning. No griping or inconvenience. 10, 25 or 50 cent boxes. Children love this candy cathartic too.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

KILL MEASURE TO GIVE BOOZE RUNNERS' CARS

Bill Defeated in House Which Would Allow Captor of Car Proceeds of Sale

SCHOOL BILL PASSES

Correspondence school detectives in North Dakota won't be able to rise in their profession and to wealth by capturing "whiskey sixes" from boot leggers The house indefinitely postponed senate bill No 16, by a close vote

Under the bill one, other than an officer who should be responsible for the capture of an automobile carrying contraband liquor would be given half the proceeds realized from the sale Debate was prolonged After an hour and a half the previous question was moved and the bill came to vote

Representative Girdell Patterson declared the bill would aid in putting out of business "bushwhackers from the south coming up and violating the laws of North Dakota and the United States

Representative Sims, Nonpartisan voted against the bill because he thought house bill No 5 provided ample means for destroying the liquor traffic, and several members took the position that the bill would have an adverse effect on house bill No 5 The vote for indefinite postponement was 63 to 44

License Bill Again.

Senate bill No. 18 also took up considerable time. The house rejected the report of the majority of the state affairs committee, which was for amendments placing the enforcement of the pool hall and similar state license regulations upon local authorities By the rejection of this report, the bill went to general orders with the report of the temperance committee, which provided amendments providing one additional inspector, leaving the enforcement in the hands of the attorney general and providing any money left after enforcement costs had been paid should revert to counties, cities and other subdivisions according to the amount paid into the license fund.

The house passed senate bill No. 162, which provides a minimum salary for public school teachers of $720 a year, classifies them according to the amount of education and provides for the highest class a minimum of $1,300 a year. After Aug. 1, 1923, all teachers must have a minimum requirement of four years high school education, or if less, and teaching prior to the law becoming effective, shall receive the minimum salary.

Several Passed.

The house passed the following bills:

S. B. No. 17—Appropriating $10,000 to aid in education work of the North Dakota Tuberculosis association 106 to 0.

S. B. 201—Making an appropriation to pay the irrigation or water tax on state school lands in the Williston irrigation district. 107 to 0.

S. B. 121—Providing for the acceptance of the federal act to promote vocational rehabilitation of persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their return to civil employment. 104 to 0.

S. B. 203—Amending laws relative to the purchase of cattle by county. 104 to 0.

S. B. 187—Amending the law relating to interest on bonds of common school districts, 102 to 1.

The senate concurrent resolution for an amendment to the constitution increasing the compensation of members of the legislature to $1,000 for two years was placed at the foot of the calendar and the house $10-a-day measure will be given precedence.

The house passed, with senate amendments, H. B. 113, regarding weed commissioners; H. B. 159, hours for shooting; H. B. 146, regarding compensation of county commissioners; H. B. 171, creating a students loaning fund, H. B 154, strengthening the anti-cigarette law; H. B 81, the uniform egg law.

During the session Speaker Twitchell noticed Governor Frazier in the rear of the house chamber, and suggested all members stand out of respect to the chief executive. This they did

FROM BREAKER BOY TO PRINCE OF CHURCH IS CARDINAL'S RISE

Archbishop Dennis J. Dougherty of Philadelphia, who's to be the newest U. S. Cardinal, and his church, St. Peter and Paul's, in Philadelphia.

(N. E. A. STAFF SPECIAL.)

Philadelphia, March 2.—Americas new Cardinal-designate, Archbishop Dennis J. Dougherty of Philadelphia now on his way to Rome to receive the red hat, will be one of the youngest of the 72 members of the College.

He is the fifth priest in the American church to be awarded this honor by Rome, the others being Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore, Cardinal O'Connell of Boston and the late Cardinals McCloskey and Farley.

An incident that typifies the kind of man the cardinal designate is occurred in 1903 when he was assigned to the Philippines. When the late Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia notified him of his selection as bishop of Jaro, he replied:

"Your Grace, I cannot find that place on any map, but wherever I am sent I will go."

Breaker Boy

The archbishop was born Aug. 16, 1865 in the anthracite regions of Pennsylvania His parents were Irish immigrants. He spent his summer vacations as a breaker boy in a mine.

At 15 he was ready to enter a seminary, but because of his youth was sent for two years to a Jesuit school in Canada. When he returned he entered the St. Charles de Barromeo Seminary in Overbrook, a Philadelphia suburb.

Later he finished his studies for the priesthood at the American College in Rome, carrying off the class honors in 1890.

On his way back to America, he stopped at the Irish town where his parents had lived and there read mass.

Friend of Taft.

In America he served on the faculty of the seminary in which he had studied. In 1903 he was assigned to the Philippines and spent 10 years there, rebuilding many seminaries throughout the islands and erecting new edifices. Here he became well acquainted with William Howard Taft, then governor-general of the islands.

He returned to America in 1915 and was made bishop of Buffalo In 1918 he was appointed archbishop and assigned to Philadelphia to succeed Archbishop Prendergast

Archbishop Dougherty is a linguist of extraordinary versatility He speaks fluently English, Latin, Greek, Hebrew, French, German, Spanish Italian and several Slavic tongues. When he left Philadelphia for the Philippines he knew no Spanish. During the trip he studied diligently and when the boat docked at Manila he could speak the language with amazing fluency.

He has a remarkable memory. He can write a sermon or speech and from the mere putting down of his thoughts on paper can commit the entire discourse to memory and deliver it verbatim. He rarely forgets a face or a name of a person he meets.

In addition to his pastoral and administration duties, Archbishop Dougherty is a member of the board of managers of the Catholic Church, the Church Extension Society, the Negro and Indian missions, chairman of a building committee of the National Catholic Welfare Council that will erect in Washington a national shrine in honor of Americans who died in the war, and recently served on a committee appointed by the mayor of Philadelphia to study the city's transit problem.

As cardinal Archbishop Dougherty will wear the red hat, the red robes—different shades being worn for different occasions—the red biretta and the scarlet mantle

His full title will be "His Eminence, Dennis, Cardinal Dougherty, Archbishop of Philadelphia." The correct form in addressing him will be "Your Eminence."

A Lower Price on 130 Retired Popular

Columbia Records

For a Limited Time Only

Dance, Song and Comic Selections

These are all standard Columbia Records. All made within the last eighteen months. Now retired to keep the Columbia Record Catalogue down in size. Including such artists as Al Jolson, Van and Schenck, Harry Fox, Guido Deiro, Paul Biese Trio, Ted Lewis' Jazz Band, Art Hickman's Orchestra, Henry Burr, Campbell and Burr, Peerless Quartette, Sterling Trio, etc. Never before have such records been sold by Columbia dealers at so low a price. The list given below is typical of the wide range of selection.

JUST A FEW OF THE 130 SPLENDID NUMBERS

Among the Whispering Pines / Just for Me and Mary	Henry Burr / Henry Burr	A-2830
You Ain't Heard Nothing Yet / Come On and Play With Me	Al Jolson / Billy Murray	A-2836
Nobody Knows—Fox-trot / Wonderful Pal—One Step	Hickman Trio / Hickman Trio	A-2839
Hand in Hand Again / My Love Song, My Roses and You	Campbell and Burr / Charles Harrison	A-2845
Cairo—One Step / Rose Room—Fox-trot	Art Hickman's Orchestra / Art Hickman's Orchestra	A-2858
Good Night, Angeline / We Must Have a Song to Remember	Peerless Quartette / Peerless Quartette	A-2888
Abe Kabibble at the Ball Game / Abe Kabibble Dictates a Letter	Harry Hershfield / Harry Hershfield	A-2907
Hawaiian Smiles / In the Heart of Hawaii	Ferera and Franchini / Louise and Ferera	A-2916
I'll See You in C-U-B-A—Fox-trot / The Moon Shines on the Moonshine—Fox-trot	Ted Lewis' Jazz Band / Ted Lewis' Jazz Band	A-2927
All the Boys Love Mary / Way Down Barcelona Way	Van and Schenck / Harry Fox	A-2942

Remember that this price applies only to 130 retired numbers, and only while they last. 59c

The supply is limited. The time is limited. These records go on sale today. Call at the nearest Columbia dealer's as early as you can. Act promptly or you may miss the selections you want.

Now for Sale by All Columbia Dealers

COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE COMPANY, NEW YORK

STRUGGLE TO SETTLE MEX. OIL QUESTION IS

Wants to Be Fair to Private Property Interests in Mexico

BY C. H. NEWELL

Mexico City, Mar. 2.—Settlement of the much-mooted Mexican oil question is likely to be reached early this spring.

And with that question settled justly to foreign as well as domestic interests, the biggest obstacle between Mexico and recognition by foreign governments will be removed

Those close to President Obregon and American oil men on the inside in Mexico say there are few reasons left to prevent recognition of the Obregon government by President Harding.

Such recognition is of paramount importance to Obregon.

Repeated efforts have been made before as well as since the overthrow of Carranza to obtain a foreign loan.

Failure on the part of Carranza to settle the oil question with fairness made it impossible for him to get a loan. The same was true of the De la Huerta interim government

Oil Problem

The Carranza constitution of May, 1917, attempted to place all private property in Mexico, in so far as the subsoil, oil rights were concerned under control of the government.

The constitution said in effect that Mr. A. might file claim to the right to bore for oil on the land of Mr. B. even though Mr. B. had leased the same privileges to Mr C, and even though Mr. B. objected very strenously.

American and other oil companies naturally kicked, as did the Mexican landowner.

Furthermore, Carranza by decree attempted to make this provision retroactive, although the constitution itself held this illegal.

In view of past difficulties neither foreign interests nor Mexican landowners will now accept anything but performance on the issue. This the new government of Mexico knows Already Obregon has denounced the Carranza decrees as illegal and one of his cabinet ministers has so ruled officially.

The Mexican Congress expects to pass a new petroleum code. Obregon will urge that it be so fair that agitation both foreign and domestic, will cease.

Affects Future

If Congress meets the demands, domestic and foreign parties to the controversy say that new oil development will surpass anything the world has seen.

If Congress does not finish the good work Obregon has begun, oil development in Mexico will be slowed to an alarming extent.

Obregon is eager to get recognition from the Harding administration.

From what is said by Republican scouts who have come here since Obregon's inauguration it is easy to infer that two prime factions govern the question of recognition:

FIRST: a knowledge in the states that recognition may be of first importance in helping Obregon keep peace.

SECOND: a feeling that recognition should be based not on promises, but on practical and binding pledges that Mexico will perform her international obligations.

There is no discoverable distrust of President Obregon among foreigners in Mexico. Americans feel that he is thoroughly sincere in wanting to lead Mexico into a respected place among nations

But they feel that long habit has made official Mexico so careless of its obligations or impotent to meet them that for the sake of Mexico, even more than for the sake of other nations, the most explicit and binding engagements should precede recognition.

Conditions Remain

Mexico could have had recognition at any time since Obregon took office had his government been able to bring itself to terms already laid down by President Wilson.

The kind of recognition Mexico would get at the hands of Harding would not be any different in principle or price.

Everyone who has dug into affairs here admits that full protection for foreign interests legally acquired and conducted, return of the railroads and express company to their rightful owners and just compensation for damages and practical plans for settlement of foreign debts are the prime conditions on which Mexico will be recognized by the United States, as well as Great Britain, France, Italy and other nations.

This is readily understood and concurred in by President Obregon and his cabinet.

Women Who Overwork

"Man may work from sun to sun, but woman's work is never done." In order to keep the home neat and attractive, the children well dressed and tidy, women continually overdo and suffer in silence, drifting along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they need help to overcome the pains and aches which daily make life a burden. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a medicine with specific value which overcomes many of the worst forms of female complaints, as the letters constantly published in this paper will prove. —Adv.

CATARRH of head or throat is usually benefited by the vapors of— VICKS VAPORUB Over 17 Million Jars Used Yearly

COLUMBIA PHONOGRAPHS
COLUMBIA RECORDS
ON EASY TERMS IF DESIRED
COWAN'S DRUG STORE

MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs" Child's Best Laxative

Accept "California Syrup of Figs" only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruity taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California."

WHEN YOU ASK FOR BUTTER SAY "NORTHERN"

ASK Your Grocer For Humpty Dumpty Bread Produced by BARKER BAKERY

EASTER

MARCH 27th

The day every good dresser wants to look his best. See my Easter Styles and Patterns. A selection to meet every taste and pocket book.

Suits $29.50 Up

KLEIN Tailor and Cleaner

WHY BE AFRAID OF GOOD FOOD?

Eat What You Like Best But Follow It With a Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablet

When the stomach sours or becomes gassy, with heartburn, it needs the alkaline effect to offset the acid condition. This you get from one or

two Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Relief is usually very prompt. The regular use of these Tablets after meals gives the stomach and small intestine substantial help to digest food and you will then be bold enough to eat baked beans, fried eggs, sausage, buckwheat cakes and many other things you thought would make your stomach miserable. Get a 60 cent box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets at any drug store and you will then eat whatever you like and be fortified against the acid, sour stomach due to indigestion or dyspepsia.

HARDING'S FINAL CABINET SLATE

This photo-diagram shows President-elect Harding and his final cabinet slate. While Harding has not officially announced all of the offers and acceptances no change in this final slate is expected. At the head of the table is Harding. In the foreground (left to right)—State, Charles E. Hughes; War, John W. Weeks; Postmaster General, Will H. Hays; Interior, A. B. Fall; Commerce, Herbert Hoover. Back row, (left to right)—Treasury, Andrew W. Mellon; Attorney General, Harry M. Daugherty; Navy, Edwin Denby; Agriculture, Henry C. Wallace; Labor, James J. Davis,

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

SILK WEEK IN CITY ATTRACTS MANY SHOPPERS

Want to Make Early Selections as Fabric Emphasized for Spring

GREAT DISPLAY MADE

The "Silk Week" displays and offerings of Bismarck merchants are attracting great attention from both men and women shoppers.

Fashion has put an emphasis on silk as approved dress fabric for spring, and hundreds of people are taking the opportunity of making early selections at special prices. Regarding the place of silk this spring in the fashions, the Dry Goods Reporter says:

Fashion creators have put their emphasis on silk as a very much approved fabric for Spring. Silk, it is said, will be used in quantities in the new Spring garments, in the trimming of the Spring skirts and in the making up of the dainty lingerie which though concealed is the pride of so many women. It is also said that silk will be used as a chic garnish for toques, and will be employed in various other ways. In fact, the uses to which silk is to be put, judging from the expressions of local silk factors, are as varied and beautiful as the fabric itself.

And why should silk not be welcomed as the approved fabric for Spring 1921? It has stood the acid test of centuries, and though other fabrics may have crowded it out of the limelight at times, it has always returned strong.

Taffeta is possibly the one exception and it has had a very strong call for the early months which bids fair to last through the entire season possibly varying only in shades. In the manufactured frocks taffeta has without question been a great favorite and over the counter by the yard it has been demanded in fairly large quantities.

The colors which are receiving the greatest calls in taffeta are brown—which at the present writing is the favorite of all—navy, light gray, and tan. The ready-made frocks of this silken cloth are designed in greater part from the plain colored fabrics and the plainness is most generally relieved by the garnish of a brighter-colored silk used as rosettes or as a sash.

Taffetas are spoken of as being used for skirts later on in the season; however the great popularity of this silk for skirts is rather doubtful and is generally understood that the largest quantities of it will be demanded for dresses.

All members of the crepe family are shown in myriads of different colors and varied weaves. There is one very prominent reason for crepe being such a universal choice among designers and that is on account of their adaptability to the silhouette of this season's fashions. But not always does the fair sex follow the dictation of designers to the letter. This season however there is little question but that the styles, patterns, colors and cloths offered by the fashion designers will be accepted and worn by Milady.

Satins and Charmeuse

Satins and charmeuse, it is said will be in good demand. Satins almost have become a staple, particularly in the darker shades. In the coats and suits shown for Spring, both the plainer and fancy satins are noticed as linings each appearing to have about an equal call. And as for charmeuse it has been particularly given the spotlight since it has been claimed that Mrs. Harding, the coming "first lady of the land," will wear a gown of charmeuse at the inauguration of her husband as President.

"EVERY TOWN SHOULD HAVE ITS R. A. D. CLUB," SAYS CHAPERON

Miss Agnes Gould

BY MARIAN HALE

New York, March 1.—You may be lonesome, you may be socially fit, but you may not make friends with any of the 500 members of the Registered Acquaintance Dance Club until Miss Agnes Gould has pronounced you eligible.

It's this way: You may be a little milliner from Ohio with nothing in the world to keep you company but a great longing in your heart.

Well, you go to the offices of the New York Community Service and you ask to see the official censor of the R. A. D. and you are ushered before Miss Gould. She says to you:

"Are you different? Extreme Radical? Because, if you are, my dear, you won't do for our club. It's a club for the lonesome, but it is a club where one meets only the socially safe and sane."

If the little milliner proves to be just a "human being" she is listed in the R. A. D. social register.

"Every town in the country should have a R. A. D. club," Miss Gould says. "You have no idea how many thousands of lonely persons there are who want to become acquainted with people of their own sort."

"But don't you think something should be done for people who are different?" she was asked.

"Yes. I would like to get all kinds of groups together. I have three groups now—my Friday group, the most formal; then, Tuesday, which is less formal, and Wednesday, which is exclusively Jewish. I hope to organize more groups."

Meetings are held on the Hotel Majestic roof.

The dues are one dollar entrance fee and four dollars a month.

"And may the married become members?" Miss Gould was asked in parting.

"Mercy no! That's what the club is really all about—making it possible for the younger generation to marry in their own set, without such long waits."

After you get married you are not supposed to come around. You are not supposed to be lonely then!

Here are facts that interest the mother and father of every child in America

Do your children get sufficient energy food —so necessary for growing youngsters?

FOOD EXPERTS have been finding out many new things about how we are nourished. One of the most important is about *Dextrose*, the great energy food—the sugar that is absorbed right into the blood to build up your strength and energy.

You could not live long without *Dextrose*. Most of the food you eat—such as bread, starchy vegetables, and all forms of sugar—*has to be changed into Dextrose* before your system can use it as energy food.

This interests millions of women who have Karo on their table almost every meal—in some form. *Karo contains a very large percentage of Dextrose.*

Karo—A Predigested Food

So Karo may almost be said to be a *predigested food*. These are scientific facts, supported by the very highest medical authorities. This undoubtedly explains the wonderful popularity of Karo as a national syrup—used by everybody. Send for the free booklet mentioned below and read all the facts.

Every mother wants her boys and girls to be rugged and sturdy. Give the youngsters plenty of Karo—on cakes and spread on bread.

Karo is a great energy food—pure, wholesome, and economical. It can be used so many ways—for cooking, baking, candy making. Or as a spread on bread, pancakes or biscuits. Many use it instead of preserves; or to stew prunes and dried fruit with it.

FREE A booklet every parent should read. Tells all about the wonderful food value of Karo; explains the meaning of Dextrose and why children thrive on it. Sent free with the beautifully illustrated Corn Products Cook Book of 64 pages. Write Corn Products Refining Co., Argo, Ill.

Your Protection

Do not be deceived by cans containing syrup that might look like Karo. The name "Karo" is on every can of original Karo—look for it and be assured of full weight cans and highest quality.

BLUE Karo

The standard table syrup. Also for cooking, baking and candy making. Light brown color, delicious flavor—a heavy-bodied syrup.

RED Karo

The Ideal Syrup for every use—for cooking, baking, candy making and preserving. Because of its honey-like appearance many prefer it as a spread for cakes biscuits, breads.

GREEN Karo

Flavored with highest grade real maple sugar. Very moderate in price—absolutely pure. The makers of Karo are the world's largest users of the highest grade maple sugar—over a thousand tons used annually.

© 1913 C.P.R.Co.

Selling Representatives
NATIONAL STARCH CO., G. L. Cunningham, Mgr.
Twin City State Bank Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

under discussion. The club members who are nearly all interested in travel listened with intense interest to Mr. Dewhurst's vivid description and enlivening anecdotes.

Mrs. Tarkart sang, and there was the usual singing of favorite songs. The next meeting will be a reminiscential program.

SHOPPING DAYS ON

Bismarck is gay this week in lovely new spring things exhibited in the shop windows, this being silk week in town. The hats are rivaling the silks in beauty, and the ready-to-wear gingham gowns are as pretty as anything can be. The sales women report numerous out-of-town women in town for the week, just to shop.

LEAVES FOR CALIFORNIA

Miss Minnie Coulter, sister of Mrs. G. D. Mann, who has been a resident of Bismarck for the past three years, left today for Los Angeles, California, where she will make her future home.

VISITING SISTER

Mrs. Oliver Ong, of Regan, is the guest of her sister Miss Bessie Wilson, a high school student in the Bismarck schools who lives at the Harris home at 204 1-2 Main. Mrs. Ong is also on a shopping trip.

OLD HARD TIME PARTY

There will be a "Ye Old Hard Time party" given by the M. B. A. lodge at K. of P. hall Thursday evening, March 3. Prizes will be given to the best dressed lady and gentleman. A luncheon will be served, and the committee anticipates a royal time for all.

LEGION DANCE

The entertainment committee of the American Legion issued the following notice:

To members of Lloyd Spetz post No. 1 and auxiliary. There will be a social time and dance at Legion hall this evening from 9 p. m. to midnight, for members only.

GUEST FROM UNDERWOOD

Miss Marie Ainsworth of Underwood is the guest of friends in Bismarck for the week.

Society

COMMUNITY COUNCIL SATURDAY

The Community Council have planned an interesting meeting for next Saturday afternoon at 3:30, to be held in the Civic rest room in Masonic Temple. Miss Hutchinson, school nurse, will address the women of town on her work among the children of the city and it is the desire of the Council that as many women as possible come out to hear Miss Hutchinson. The matter of child welfare is of first importance to all women and Miss Huchinson should be heard by a great number.

B. and P. W. MEET

The Tuesday night meeting of the Business and Professional Women held in their club room last evening, was most successful in every way. Almost the entire membership came in during the evening. Rv. Thomas Dewhurst of St. George's church talked interestingly of his years of experience in the Pace River country far removed from civilization. The speaker illustrated his talk with equipment used in the far country.

QUICK RELIEF FROM CONSTIPATION

Get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That is the joyful cry of thousands since Dr. Edwards produced Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel. No griping results from these pleasant little tablets. They cause the liver and bowels to act normally. They never force them to unnatural action. Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a soothing, healing, vegetable compound mixed with olive oil.

If you have a bad taste, bad breath, feel dull, tired, are constipated or bilious, you'll find quick and sure results from Dr. Edwards' little Olive Tablets at bedtime. 15c and 30c, a box.

NEW CABINET WIVES TO REVIVE SOCIAL LIFE

Washington looks for a revival of brilliant society functions when the wives of the new cabinet officers are settled in the capital. Grouped about Mrs. Harding here are: Left (reading down) Mrs. Charles E. Hughes, Mrs. Henry C. Wallace and Mrs. Edwin Denby. Center, Mrs. Will H. Hays. Right (reading down) Mrs. A. B. Fall, Mrs. James J. Davis and Mrs. Herbert Hoover.

Nazimova at the Eltinge tonight.

ATTENTION KNIGHTS TEMPLAR

A regular meeting of Tancred Commandery, Knights Templar, will be held at the Masonic Temple, Thursday, March 3. A moose meat dinner will be served at the Temple dining room at 6:30, followed by work in the Order of the Temple.

NOTICE

Regular meeting of Bismarck Lodge No. 1018 M. B. A. will be held Thursday evening, March 3rd 1921, at K. of P. hall, at 8 o'clock sharp. State Manager M. D. Anderson, of Fargo, N. D. will be with us and a large attendance is requested. There will be a class adoption followed by Ye Old Hard Time Dancing Party.

CITY NEWS

Presbyterian Aid.

The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid will meet Thursday afternoon at the church parlors. There will be election of officers. Every one is urged to attend.

Baptist Mission.

The Mission Circle of the Baptist church will meet with Mrs. J. L. Varney, Thursday afternoon. Subject of the program will be "Christian Center," led by Mrs. C. W. Smith.

Guild Meet

St. Georges Episcopal Guild will meet with Mrs. J. E. Dullam on Fifth St. tomorrow afternoon. All Episcopal ladies invited. An interesting talk on the Peace River country of Canada. This will be a social and missionary meeting.

Nazimova at the Eltinge tonight.

ATTENTION KNIGHTS TEMPLAR

A regular meeting of Tancred Commandery, Knights Templar, will be held at the Masonic Temple, Thursday, March 3. A moose meat dinner will be served at the Temple dining room at 6:30, followed by work in the Order of the Temple.

ADVENTURES OF THE TWINS

By Olive Barton Roberts

It was noonday and they were exactly on the Equator. She had no shadow at all!

Out into the sunlight crawled Nancy and Nick through a small door in the roof of the Cave of Diamonds which the goat showed them, leaving the Box of Charms and their Map behind.

"Aren't you coming, too?" asked Nancy, turning to the big green bullfrog which had been following them.

"Y-Yes, I supose so," said the frog reluctantly. (He was really the Bobadil Jinni. He was thinking how he could get back his Wishing Ring which Nick had slipped off his own finger and laid beside the rest of the Charms in the Cave.

"Come along, then," said Nancy waiting for him. The goat, you know, who was guardian of the diamonds, wished to find out whether or not they were mortals, and they were all going out into the sunlight to see who would or would not cast a shadow. Only mortals do, it is well known.

Nancy got through first and looked at the sky anxiously. Then she looked at the ground at her feet and gave a little cry of joy. The map was correct right. It was noonday and they were exactly on the Equator. She had no shadow at all! Neither had Nick who took his place quickly beside her.

The goat then appeared. "Well, well, well," said he, looking at the ground in surprise. "You are enchanted, aren't you? I might have known it without putting you to so much trouble. No shadow at all either of you! Come right into my cave again and continue your journey in peace and safety. I'll give you letters to all my enchanted friends."

"But where's the frog?" cried Nancy. She knew that if they could get the fellow out into the sunlight his spell would be broken at once.

"Yes," exclaimed the goat. "Where is he?"

(To be Continued)

Nazimova at the Eltinge tonight.

WOMEN! YOU CAN DIAMOND DYE IT

Old, faded skirts, waists, coats, sweaters, draperies, everything, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton, or mixed goods, can be dyed any rich, fadeless color with Diamond Dyes. Buy no other dye!

FINNEY'S DAILY PHOTO SERVICE
BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA
Known all over the Northwest for Quality
MAIL US YOUR FILMS

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE BISMARCK TRIBUNE

Entered at the Postoffice, Bismarck, N. D., as Second Class Matter.

GEORGE D. MANN - - - - - - Editor

Foreign Representatives
G. LOGAN PAYNE COMPANY
CHICAGO Marquette Bldg. DETROIT Kresge Bldg.
PAYNE, BURNS AND SMITH
NEW YORK - - - - - Fifth Ave. Bldg.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for publication of all news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

All rights of publication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

MEMBER AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATION

SUBSCRIPTION RATES PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

Daily by carrier, per year	$7.20
Daily by mail, per year (in Bismarck)	7.20
Daily by mail, per year (in state outside Bismarck	5.00
Daily by mail, outside of North Dakota	6.00

THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER
(Established 1873)

THE WEEDLESS LAWN

Take hope, ye pickers of dandelion and plantain out of the front lawn. Look not forward to a summer of back-breaking and cuss-wordy labor keeping weeds out of the lawn. For after 20 years of experimentation something to ease that labor has been discovered.

The Rhode Island State College has announced that its experiment station has discovered a fertilizer that will grow grass and destroy weeds.

This dream of gardeners, a weedless lawn, is possible with out trouble or expense, the announcement says.

Perfectly simple:

Merely use ammonium sulphate in the place of nitrate of soda in the regular application of fertilizer.

The "why" of the discovered, as the discoverers explain it, is that gardeners almost universally have supplied nitrogen, the chief element in grass food in the shape of nitrate of soda. That in time creates an alkaline soil condition especially favorable to weed growths. Grass is crowded out.

Then, by using the not more expensive ammonium sulphate in the same quantities, proper nitrogen is supplied and the soil kept in an acid condition under which grass develops best, but in which weeds are weakened.

The fountain of youth and perpetual motion would be great discoveries, but the discovery of a method for growing the weedless lawn is worth the 20 years devoted to it.

THE COST OF BEING POLITE

The American public could save $3,000,000 a year in telegraph tolls by discontinuing the use of the word "please" in telegrams.

But what profit hath it that the people save $3,000,000 a year, and lose something of the sweetness of courtesy.

There may be efficiency engineers and cost economists, hunting for pennies to save, who will be shocked by such seeming waste of words and money. But Americans, spending $3,000,000 a year on one courteous word are investing well and wisely.

It is really gratifying to find America spending so much on one word of courtesy when so many of us are lax in words and deeds of courtesy that cost us nothing at all.

Courtesy is a sweetening element in the ordinary relations of our common life. We are not impolite people, but we are in a hurry and in our hurry we take the rougher way when the smoother one is so much easier.

It was a source of never-ending delight among men of the A. E. F. to hear ticketsellers at railroad stations and clerks in postoffices in France say "merci monsieur" (thank you, sir,) when the sale of a stamp or ticket was concluded.

It was as if one had done them a service by buying a ticket or a stamp. Courtesy has become second nature among the French.

Recently some newspapers have been awarding cash prizes to polite folks discovered by reporters. These were special rewards, but, in truth, courtesy always has paid, one way or another. The old nursery rhyme said it well:

Kind hearts are gardens,
Kind thoughts are roots,
Kind words are blossoms,
Kind deeds are fruits.

HOW THEY WASTE

Herbert Hoover, during the war, had much to say to American housewives about waste. He told them how much of the sorely needed food was going into the garbage pail; why it should not go there, and how they might keep it out. They reduced food wastage, and did their bit toward winning the war.

That, as you may remember, gave Hoover an international reputation as an expert on waste.

Considering him in that light it is only reasonable that a world should be impressed with his most recent observations on waste.

Now he is talking about wastes in American production. They are, he asserts, responsible for unemployment and business failures, large and small.

Among production wastes Hoover lists labor conflicts (strikes and lockouts), losses in labor turnover, failure to obtain maximum production of the individual, poor coordination of great industries, and failures in transportation, coal and power supplies.

Some of those wastes can be wholly eliminated; others may be greatly reduced. It is up to American business—labor and capital. Will the response be as unanimous and earnest as that Hoover got from the American housewife in the war?

HARBINGERS

A few days more and the sporting pages will blossom with the news from Southern training camps.

Straw hats already are in millinery shop windows—a promise of spring and a threat against pa's pocketbook.

"New spring merchandise is here" sings the department store ad and in the drab days of February the chant has all the sweetness of a Mendelssohn spring song.

Ma goes to town and brings home a handful of documents illustrated with spring styles.

The paper-hangers once more advise "Do it now."

And the urge to move wells up again in ma's heart as she consults the "For Rent" and "For Sale" ads.

Lenten days serve as reminders of approaching Easter and the resurrection of all nature.

Congressional seed is in the mails and already one may read occasional advice on early planting.

So passeth the winter of our discontent.

A Delaware 'coon dog treed 18 quarts of liquor. It takes a pooch to find the hooch.

The ghosts of the pioneers must have laughed to have seen Lieutenant Pearson start out in an airplane and return on mule back.

Some 5893 years ago a comet called on this planet and it's coming back this year. Everyone has an acquaintance or two he wishes were like that comet.

EDITORIAL REVIEW

Comments reproduced in this column may or may not express the opinion of The Tribune. They are presented here in order that our readers may have both sides of important issues which are being discussed in the press of the day.

WILLIAM F. McCOMBS

No man, except Mr. Wilson himself, was more responsible than William F. McCombs for putting Woodrow Wilson in the White House. Had it not been for this young lawyer's enthusiasm over the Governor of New Jersey and his clever and untiring work in Mr. Wilson's behalf before and during the democratic national convention of 1912 it is not likely that Mr. Wilson would have been nominated.

Mr. McCombs was only 37 when he became Mr. Wilson's Warwick. To many politicians of that day, doubtless to Mr. McCombs himself, it seemed as if this ardent supporter and manager must become the right hand of the new President. Mr. Wilson's temperament was not then thoroughly understood. Mr. McCombs did not take the place later occupied by Colonel House. He did not win the seat in the Cabinet to which he aspired. All that came to him as a reward was the passing glory of the Baltimore victory and the hollow honor of being nominally the national chairman of his party's organization in years when the President himself was the party's leader and dictator.

It was one of the tragedies of politics that a man of such gentle ways and good intentions as William F. McCombs should not have fared a little better than he did.—New York Herald.

NORTH DAKOTA'S BANKING EXPERIENCES

Bank suspensions, and general financial depression and distress have spread throughout the State of North Dakota, following the trial of some radical experiments in independent State financing.

The old-line bankers and financial houses say that the failure of the State experiments was due to red and socialistic tendencies; to an attempt to undermine all rights of property except farm ownership.

The State rights advocates reply that the new system was bitterly assailed, actively attacked, and wrecked by financial interests of the old-line type. The claim is made that the credit of the State institutions was systematically undermined, and a campaign of misinformation finally prejudiced investors against everything bearing the name of North Dakota.

The truth is not present in either of these contentions. Matters of finance and commerce cannot be divided up and controlled by State lines. The very fact that the safety of banking depends upon the maintaining of an adequate percentage of liquid assets, makes banking a Federal and not a State or Provincial undertaking.

Nation wide averages and holdings have to be brought into consideration, and any system of banking which elects to cut itself off from the power of the Federal laws and to try for success as a self contained financial unit is doomed to failure, no matter how high the motives or good the intentions of its promotors.

Credit must flow through a system of national circulation before you have a banking system which will so function as to be panic-proof. Any other system will one day find all its credits frozen into assets not immediately saleable or collectible. Even with the vast strength of national resources the problem is one of difficulty—on any basis of detached State or community financing it is hopeless.—Vancouver, B. C., Sun.

"The Man Who Never Fails"—That's Mellon, New Treasury Head

WHO HE IS.
BIRTH—At Pittsburg, Pa., Mar 21, 1852.
EDUCATION University of Pittsburg.
MARRIAGE—In 1900 to Miss Nora McMullen Two children.
OCCUPATION Banker.
HOME—Pittsburg, Pa

(N. E. A.—Staff Special.)

Pittsburg, Mar 2.—President-elect Harding has picked Andrew W. Mellon of Pittsburg, for his secretary of the treasury.

Ask anyone in Pittsburg who Mellon is and you get this reply

"Don't you know Mellon? Why he's head of the Mellon National Bank"

Ask the same man what Mellon looks like—what kind of a man he really is—and the chances are he'll have to admit ignorance.

And this despite the fact that Andrew Mellon was born and grew up in Pittsburg and that in recent years he has been associated with countless phases of industrial activity in and around it.

Mellon always has studiously avoided publicity and shunned the spot light. His retiring nature is shown in statements of friends that in his daily life he does not have one single really intimate associate

Pittsburgers say that Mellon knows by name or sight but few of the army of men and women employed in the Mellon National Bank, of which he is president, although he mingles continually with them

Always Calm.

He is a man of mild speech. He is deliberate in all his thoughts and actions and never has been known to lose his habitual calm.

He is at his desk every working day of the year and handles a surprising amount of routine details of his many financial interest without displaying the slightest fatigue. His spare moments are spent with his two children, Alisa and Paul, to whom he is especially devoted.

Mellon has been president of the Mellon National Bank since 1902. He has made it one of the leading banking institutions of the country. He also is interested in many other banks in cities of the neighborhood of Pittsburg, and is associated with Henry C. Frick in the development of vast coal, coke and iron enterprises in western Pennsylvania.

He established great steel mills at Donora, Pa., and built the town which bears that name.

He is one of the trustees of the Carnegie Institute and is associated with several charitable and benevolent associations. He has studied social welfare closely and has given large sums to support movements he thought were meritorious. But these donations always were made under some arrangement that would shield him from publicity.

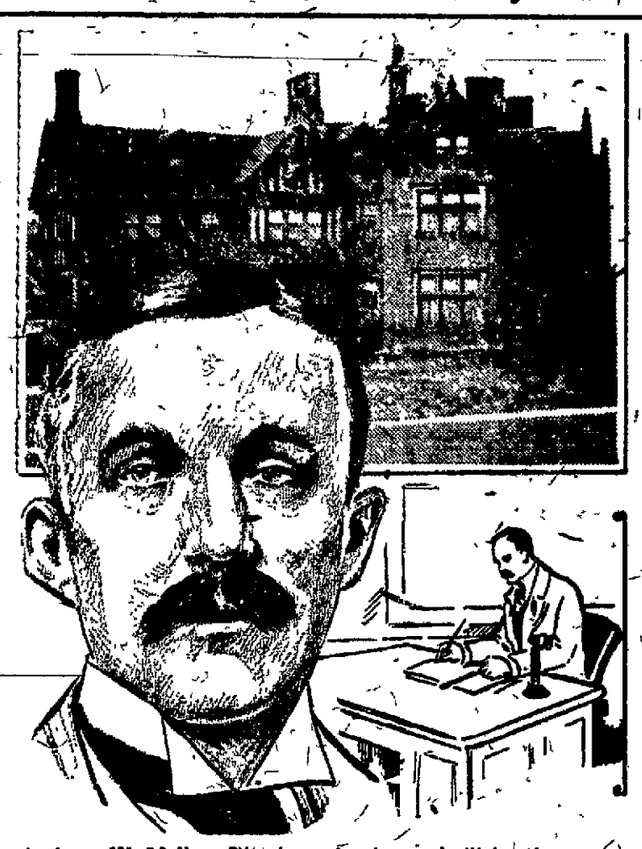
Pittsburg Native.

Mellon was born in Pittsburg March 24, 1852. After attending school in Pittsburg, he entered the University of Pittsburg, then known as the Western University of Pennsylvania, and was graduated in 1872. Later he was awarded the degree of M. A. from that institution.

Mellon, shortly after completing his schooling, entered the Mellon bank which had been founded by Thomas Mellon, his father, in 1870.

Associates say Mellon is the most conservative, and well-informed banker in Pennsylvania. His ability and success have won him the name in business circles of "the man who never fails."

Mellon never has been politically active. The Mellon family fortune, including that of the new cabinet officer and those of his two banker brothers, is said to be second only to that of Rockefeller.



Andrew W. Mellon, Pittsburg banker, who'll be the new secretary of the treasury, and his home in Pittsburg.

Hot Hooch Hunches!

ILL WIND—AND STRONG.

Moultrie, Ga., Mar. 2.—The smoke from a dozen stump fires blew across the road at Lewis Johnson's farm near here. But the wind shifted as a county policeman passed. He got a whiff that suggested "stump rum" and found a 100-pound lard can outfit in a hedge. It's an ill wind—" said the policeman.

* * *

INTOXICATING MUSIC!

Atlanta, Ga., Mar. 2.—The phonograph grand cut "How Dry I Am." It didn't sound right to a passing policeman. He found four gallons of booze under the motor. Nat McWhorter was arrested.

* * *

BUT THEIR NOSES KNOW.

Boston, Mar. 2.—Police investigating contents of autos can't stick their fingers into jugs and taste the contents; that's trespassing holds U S Commissioner Hays. The commissioner has not yet barred noses.

* * *

AMONG BEST CELLARS.

New York Mar. 2.—There were no more thrills in the uncovering of buried Pompeii than prohibition agents are getting here in excavating under the premises of a former wine merchant. More than 650 barrels of California claret have been uncovered "Keep on digging," is the order.

* * *

EXCUSE EXPLOSIONS!

Denver, Mar. 2.—Bolt down the ground floors more securely! Judge Dunn of Littleton, Col., has ruled that a home brewer cannot be convicted unless it is proved his brew was made "for sale or gift."

Foley's Honey and Tar
COMPOUND

STOPS THAT DISTRESSING COUGH—checks it quickly and surely, clears the throat of phlegm and mucus, and coats the raw, inflamed surfaces with a healing, soothing medicine.

Don't Cough Until Weak

"I am an old lady, 75 years old, and I had a very bad cough from having la grippe. I thought it a good time to try Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and I sent and got a bottle, and it stopped my cough, and I got better. So now I am around the house again —Mrs. Mary Kisby, Spokane, Wash.

We can prove no imitation or substitute is as good as the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar.

TO THE WORTHY CHIEFTAIN OF THE SENATE BRAVES

BY TRUTH SEEKER

I wish to announce the calling of a council;
Of the tribes of men a council,
Of the warriors from the prairies,
Of the chieftains by the rivers,
From the homes of deer and bison,
Where the land in plains with grasses
Billows ever in the sunlight.
Let this council meet at Bismarck,
In that city by the water,
Where the river from the mountains
Makes the great bend, sweeping southward.
Where 'tis spand by bridge of iron,
That the trains go thundering over.
Here the warriors shall assemble,
With their bows of ash and cedar.
With their paints and eagle feathers,
With their steps so free from fetters.
All the warriors of the people,
In a meeting called for council
How the tribes of men might prosper
And from strife and war be shielded.
Thus they met and talked together
With a show of wisdom garnered.
From the battles of the leaches
From the leaches of the people.
And they sat and talked together
And they played and sparred and wrestled.
And they differed from each other
In their views of right and justice.
In their wish to fight and conquer,
In their wish to bleed and slaughter.
And the warriors wished for combat
And the old men plead for council,
That the tribes of men might prosper
In their homes beyond the rivers.
As the days grew short and shorter
Round the camp fire they assembled,
And the flames from brush and beechwood
Glowed among the burning embers.
And the spirits from the mountains
Came and conciled with the warriors,
Came and wrestled for dominion,
And the thirst for blood was lessened,
And the blood shot eyes no longer
Saw in carnage any value.
Thus the hearts of men were softened—
Thus they thought and thus they reasoned
Till their views in one were melted
And the pipe of peace was lighted.
And the strife of men was ended.

—Contributed.

EVERETT TRUE BY CONDO

SALARY RISE MEASURE GOES INTO DISCARD

Senate Refuses to O. K. Increase for Compensation Men

An attempt to raise the salaries of the members of the Workmen's Compensation commission to $3,000 a year failed yesterday in the senate and the salary was placed back to where it is at present, $2,500. This is in harmony with the general stand taken by the Legislature not to raise salaries.

House Bill No. 149, providing that the Depositor's Guaranty Fund commission shall have supervision of the liquidation of insolvent banks was approved by the senate.

The resolution providing for a committee to investigate the proposed Roosevelt park in the Bad Lands failed to pass.

Other bills acted upon are as follows.

Senate Passed

H. B. 21—Requiring furnishing of certain information to workmen's compensation bureau.

H. B. 63—Relating to change of judge in criminal and civil actions.

H. B. 155—Relating to conveyances and mortgages of railroad companies.

H. B. 6—Relating to continuances of cases.

H. B. 170—Relating to preparation of special verdicts.

H. B. 97—Permitting city to make advertisements on municipal contracts.

H. B. 101—Establishing a system of state free employment service.

H. B. 72—Relating to taxation of insurance companies.

H. B. 127—Relating to reimbursement of owners of tubercular cattle.

H. B. 135—Relating to witness fees in garnishment proceedings.

H. B. 147—Relating to department of state examiner, providing for examination of building and loan associations and mutual insurance corporations.

H. B. 31—An act creating a children's code commission.

H. B. 116—Providing for notification of elevators or liens and mortgages by register of deeds.

H. B. 126—Relating to application of tubercular tests.

H. B. 22—Relating to payment of compensation to injured employees or their dependents.

H. B. 20—Relating to enforcement of payment of premiums of workmen's compensation act.

H. B. 18—Deferring certain words in Section 8, Chapter 162, Laws of 1919.

H. B. 128—Relating to listing of property of corporations joint-stock companies or associations for taxation.

H. B. 162—Relating to taxation of transfers of property by will, gift or intestate law.

H. B. 109—Legalizing certain acts of village and school officials.

H. B. 60—Appropriating $5,000 for cattle barn at Hettinger Experimental station.

H. B. 75—Appropriating money for new cattle barn at Langdon substation

H. B. 108—Relating to trespassing of land when no hunting signs are posted.

H. B. 151—Amending and re-enacting state guaranty act.

H. B. 149—Providing for the supervision of the liquidation of insolvent banks by Depositors guaranty fund commission.

H. B. 140—Relating to qualifications of signers on petitions of county commissioners.

H. B. 28—Relating to the salary and appointment of school deputies.

H. B. 169—Relating to size and construction of caboose cars.

H. B. 77—Increasing the compensation of election officials.

H. B. 79—Taking the maximum off of public printing schedule

H. B. 148—Making it a felony for a person to attempt to rob a banking institution.

H. B. 19—Relating to the creation of the Workmen's compensation bureau.

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine

BAYER OK

It's criminal to take a chance on any substitute for "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Tooth-ache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes for twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid

Where there is a persistent cough or general rundown condition, there **Scott's Emulsion** is a positive help.

Scott & Bowne Bloomfield, N. J. 26-23

NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

HELP WANTED—MALE

LUMBER YARD MANAGER WANTED for a good South Dakota point, German-Russian community, prefer a man of that nationality who can make out material lists and understands construction. Party must have at least five years experience running a yard. Attractive salary to right man. Address Auditor, Lock box 347, Aberdeen, S. D. 2-17-2wk

LEARN BARBER TRADE—At the Moler Barber College. Oldest institution of its kind. Established 1893. Time and expense saved by our methods. Catalog free. Moler Barber College 107 R. Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis, Minn. 2-1-1mo

WANTED—First class automobile mechanic. Corwin Motor Co., Bismarck, N. D. 3-2-1wk

SEE Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL, —Los Angeles. None better. Start right. 3-1-1t

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—School girl to work for board and room. Mrs. H. J. Woodmansee, 825 4th street. 2-26-3t

WANTED—Girl for general housework; highest wages. Mrs. P. C. Remington, 610 7th street. 2-28-tf

SALESMAN

WANTED—A live experienced calendar salesman for this territory, by one of the largest calendar houses in the east, having over seven hundred designs to offer the public. Liberal commissions and excellent co-operation given our men. The Best Mfg. Co., New Haven, Conn. 2-28-2t

SALESMAN WANTED—County distributor for $3 Pocket Check Protector. Equal to any high priced machine. Exceptional proposition for live salesman. Big profits; no competition. Small capital necessary. Nat'l Distributing Co., 526 Tribune Annex, Minneapolis. 2-28-1t

WORK WANTED

WANTED—A place to work for room and board. Write 205 Tribune. 3-1-1wk.

ROOMS FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Rooms for light housekeeping; light, water and heat furnished. Call at 320 2nd street. 2-28-2t

ROOM AND BOARD FOR FOUR gentlemen; men working at bridge preferred; $10 per week. 219 South Fifth street. 2-28-4t

FOR RENT—Furnished and unfurnished light housekeeping rooms. Business College. Phone 183. 2-24-1wk

FURNISHED ROOM—in modern house suitable for two. 201 1st street. Phone 658-K 3-2-3t

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms in modern home. Call at 312 8th street 3-1-1 wk.

FOR RENT—Room in modern house; gentleman preferred. 117 1st street. 2-28-3t

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, 722 5th street. Phone 485. 3-1-1w

FOR RENT—One modern furnished room, 713 3rd street. 2-23-1wk

FOR RENT—One furnished room for two. 409 5th street 1-26-1w

AUTOMOBILES — MOTORCYCLES

FOR SALE—One six cylinder touring car, in fine shape, run one year, paint and engine good as new, will sell for $1000 and take diamond as part payment, balance cash xyz Tribune. 2-26-3t

WOULD LIKE TO BUY A FORD roadster, body in first class condition or coupe. Write Box 275, Ashley, N. D. 2-18-2wk

WANTED TO BUY—A cheap light car. Give description and price. Address Tribune 203. 2-24-1wk

FOR SALE—490 Chevrolet touring car in first class condition; a bargain. O. K. Garage. 2-24-1wk

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS

LANDOLOGY SPECIAL NUMBER—Just out, containing 1921 facts of clover land in Marinette County, Wisconsin. If for a home or as an investment you are thinking of buying good farm lands where farmers grow rich, send at once for this special number of Landology. It is free on request. Address Skidmore-Riehle Land Co., 435 Skidmore-Riehle Bldg., Marinette, Wisconsin. 1-3-3mos

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Three-story hotel, new up-to-date steam plant, cost $2,100, put in 1916. Will sell for $5,600. This a real bargain; property is clean from debt, will consider a large home in some large city where there is a good high school. Write Box 112, Martin, N. D. 2-23-1wk

FOR LEASE—The cultivated land on section 7 in McKenzie township near McKenzie, North Dakota, for the farming season of 1921. Owner might furnish seed. Most of section is cultivated. No buildings thereon. Geo. M. Register. 2-21-2wk

HAVE $5,000 IN VILLAGE WARrants for sale at 10 percent discount. Will secure guarantee that they will be taken up within a year. Will sell all or part. J. B. Field, Zap, N. D. 2-17-2wk

FOR SALE—or Exchange—I have 18 head of good young horses I will sell or exchange for town property, are from 2 to 5 years old and 1150 to 1300 lbs. Sidney Smith, Steele N. Dak. 2-26-1wk

HOTEL FOR SALE—In good town of 500 inhabitants. Electric lights, water works. The only hotel in town. On two railroads. Address Box 166, Elgin, N. Dak. 2-25-5t

FOR SALE—Kitchen Cabinet, Dresser, Buffet, Chiffoneer, Library Table, Large Columbia Graphanola, Cook stove, small writing desk and beds. 925 8th street. 2-25-1wk.

FOR SALE — Edison phonograph, good as new, fumed oak finish. Official Laboratory model. Call 514 11th St. 2-23-1wk

FIRST CLASS WORK—Cleaning, pressing, repairing, dyeing, ladies' and men's clothing. Eagle Tailoring & Hat Works, phone 58, opposite postoffice. 1-18-tf

FOR SALE—White enameled barber fixtures for a two-chair shop; good condition, including everything needed except supplies. Price $300; write to C. Hinsz, Ashley, N. D. 2-26-2w

FOR RENT—for 1921 my farm in Gibbs Township, 250 acres under cultivation, 100 acres in corn last season. J. C. Sweet, Phone 822. 3-1-5t

PRE WAR PRICES on cleaning, reblocking and remodeling men's hats. Eagle Tailoring & Hat Works, Phone 58, opposite Postoffice. 1-18-tf

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Team, wagon and harness will trade for Ford car. 408 3rd street. Phone 322-L 3-1-1w

If you want to sell your Bismarck property, list with us. Henry & Henry, Real Estate and Investments. Phone 861. 2-26-1wk.

BARITONE HORN—silver with leather case for sale or will trade for slide trombone. Kilmer, phone 951 2-26-3t

FOR SALE—1 Majestic Range, water front, in good condition, at a bargain. Call at 518 5th street. 2-26-3t

FOR RENT—Well appointed office in down town business block. Bismarck Realty Co. 2-26-1w

HEMSTITCHING—Pleating and novelty pleating. Mrs. C. P. Larson 400 4th street. 3-2-3t

WANTED TO BUY—Second hand safe. Call Chris Martineson, Chief of Police. 2-23-1wk

FOR SALE—A perfectly new piano at Northwest hotel. Room 316. 2-28-1w

FOR SALE—Victrola and records, in good condition. Call 144-X. 2-26-1w

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

Circumstantial Evidence — BY ALLMAN

FOR SALE OR RENT HOUSES AND FLATS

FOR SALE—A large house of at least 25 rooms, suitable for a rooming house, well located, for $5000, on very good terms; 6 room modern house, well located, for $3200, on good terms, 6 room partly modern house, well located for $2500, on terms. Geo. M. Register. 2-25-1wk

HOUSE FOR SALE—Modern house of six rooms and bath, also nice modern Bungalow of five rooms at prewar prices. $1200 cash balance easy terms. Trust me for bargains. J. H. Hollhan, 314 Broadway, Phone 745. 2-26-3t

FOR SALE—7 room modern bungalow including three bed rooms, well located, east front, full basement, nice porch screened in, hardwood floors, and garage, on good terms. Geo. M. Register. 3-1-1wk

FOR SALE BY OWNER—House of four rooms, with garage, on pavement, for quick sale $1,300. Phone 713-X or call at 517 9th St. 2-24-1wk

FOR RENT—Small steam heated apartment. Apply at once or telephone 314, Bismarck Realty Company. 2-23-1wk

FOR RENT—Three-room house, light and water included. 18 Main, phone 503-K. 2-24-1wk

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—5-room house, well located, nearly new. Will take horses or cattle part pay. Geo. A. Dailey, Mandan, N. D. 2-24-1wk

LAND

FOR SALE OR TRADE—80 A. near McClusky, County seat town, 35 A. under cultivation rest hay meadow and pasture, mortgage $600 with State at 5 per cent, will exchange equity for 1921 Ford sedan car, must be in good shape, write to Adolph Schlenker, McClusky, N. D. 2-26-3t

FOR SALE OR TRADE—160 acres of Kidder county land for house in Bismarck, or will consider a few lots or car in deal. C. A. Badke, 319 2nd street, Bismarck, N. D. 2-28-1wk

FOR RENT—160 acres, five miles from Moffit, good house, barn and water; also five acres outskirts of Bismarck. Address Frank Krall, Tailor, Bismarck, N. D. 1-28-1w

FOR SALE—640 acres, mostly englne plow land close to town. Price $25.00 per acre, will consider other property part payment. A. J. Sylvester, Mandan, N. D. 2-24-1wk

FOR SALE—200 acres of cultivated land in Morton Co. N. D. Price $2500. Address No. 204 Tribune. 2-26-1wk.

3000 ACRE RANCH—for rent or sale Inquire Dr. Schott, Haggart, Bldg. 3-2-3t

LEGAL NOTICES

Summons.

State of North Dakota, County of Burleigh.

In the District Court, Fourth Judicial District.

D. T. Owens, Plaintiff,

vs.

Edward Buchholz and Grace Buchholz, Defendant.

The State of North Dakota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action which will be filed with the clerk of the district court of Burleigh county, North Dakota, in his office, wherein said action is commenced, and to serve a copy of your answer upon the subscriber within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated the 18th day of January, A. D. 1921.

W. L. SMITH,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
Bismarck, North Dakota.
1-26-2-2-9-16-23-3-2

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Default having occurred in the conditions of the mortgage hereinafter described.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That that certain mortgage executed and delivered by Hans S. Molin, a single man, mortgagor, to City National Bank, a corporation, mortgagee, dated the 30th day of October, 1919, and filed for record in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Burleigh and state of North Dakota on the 19th day of February, 1920, at nine o'clock A. M., and duly recorded in Book 162 of Mortgages, on page 224, will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises in such mortgage and hereinafter described, at the front door of the courthouse at Bismarck, in the county of Burleigh and state of North Dakota, at the hour of ten O'clock in the forenoon, on the 16th day of March, 1921, to satisfy the amount due upon such mortgage on the day of sale.

The premises described in such mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same, are situate in Burleigh County, North Dakota, and described as follows, to-wit:

The Northeast Quarter (NE¼) of Section Ten (10), Township One Hundred Forty-one (141) North of Range Seventy-eight (78) west of the 5th P. M.

There will be due on said mortgage on the day of sale the sum of $1740.50 besides the costs, disbursements and expenses of this foreclosure.

Dated this 1st day of February, 1921.

CITY NATIONAL BANK,
a corporation, Mortgagee.
NEWTON, DULLAM & YOUNG,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Bismarck, North Dakota.
2-2-9-16-23 Mch. 2-9

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Default having occurred in the conditions of the mortgage hereinafter described, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that that certain mortgage executed and delivered by S. K. Hood and Cora Hood, his wife, mortgagors, to Investors Mortgage Security Company, Inc., a corporation, mortgagee, dated the 5th day of June, 1915, and filed for record in the office of the register of deeds of the county of Burleigh and state of North Dakota, on the 13th day of July, 1915, and recorded in Book 90 of Mortgages, at page 132, and assigned by said mortgage to Peter Binzel, by an instrument in writing, dated the 15th day of July, 1915, and recorded in Book 91 of Assignments at page 615 and again assigned by said assignee to Edna W. Dullam, by an instrument in writing, dated the 5th day of June, 1920, and recorded in Book 169 of Mortgages, on page 67, of the records of the offide of the register of deeds of said Burleigh county, will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises in such mortgage and hereinafter described at the front door of the courthouse in the city of Bismarck, Burleigh County, North Dakota, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon, on the 15th day of March, 1921, to satisfy the amount due upon such mortgage on the day of sale.

The premises described in such mortgage and which will be sold to satisfy the same, are situate in the county of Burleigh and state of North Dakota, and described as follows: The Northwest Quarter (NW¼) of Section Thirty-four (34), Township One Hundred Forty (140) North of Range Seventy-eight (78) West of the 5th P. M., and the Northwest Quarter (NW¼) of Section Two (2), Township One Hundred Thirty-nine (139), North of Range Seventy-eight (78) West of the 5th P. M.

There will be due on such mortgage on the day of sale the sum of $2673.53 besides the costs, disbursements and expenses of this foreclosure.

Dated this 1st day of February, 1921

EDNA W. DULLAM,
Assignee of Assignee of Mortgagee.

G. F. DULLAM,
Attorney for Assignee.
Bismarck, North Dakota.
2-2-9-16-23Mch 2-9

NOTICE OF CITATION, HEARING OF FINAL ACCOUNT AND DISTRIBUTION OF ESTATE

State of North Dakota, County of Burleigh, ss.

In County Court, before Hon. I. C. Davies, Judge.

In the Matter of the Estate of Florence Nightingale Catto, Deceased

Keith Angus Catto, Petitioner.

vs.

William Bruce Catto, Respondent.

THE STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA TO THE ABOVE NAMED RESPONDENTS:

You, the said William Bruce Catto, and all persons interested in said estate are hereby notified that the final account of the Executor of the estate of Florence Nightingale Catto, late of the City of Plainview, in the County of Hale, and State of Texas, deceased, has been rendered to this Court, therein showing that the estate of said deceased is ready for final settlement and distribution, and petioning that his account be allowed, the residue of said estate be distributed to the persons thereunto entitled, his administration closed, and he be discharged; that Wednesday, the 6th day of April, A. D., 1921, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the court rooms of this Court in the court House, in the City of Bismarck, County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, has been duly appointed by this Court for the settlement thereof, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions, in writing, to said account, and petition and contest the same.

And you, the above named respondents, and each of you, are hereby cited and required then and there to be and appear before this Court, and show cause, if any you have, why said account should not be allowed, the residue of said estate distributed, the administration of said estate closed and said executor be discharged.

Dated the 1st day of March, A. D., 1921.

By the Court:
(SEAL)

I. C. DAVIES,
Judge of the County Court.

Let the foregoing citation be served by publication in the Bismarck Tribune, once each week for four successive weeks, all not less than ten days before said hearing.
(SEAL)

I. C. DAVIES,
Judge of the County Court.

Miller, Zuger & Tillotson,
Attorneys for Executor,
Bismarck, N. D.
Mch. 2-9-16-23.

No. 854
Report of the Condition of
THE MOFFIT STATE BANK

at Moffit, in the State of North Dakota, at the close of business Feb. 21, 1921.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts		$ 67,965.89
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		250.67
Warrants, stocks, tax certificates, claims, etc.		100.40
Government issues		1.75
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		3,500.00
Due from other banks	$ 3,573.65	
Checks and other cash items	773.75	
Cash	827.37	5,174.17
Total		$ 77,196.88

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in		$ 10,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		777.37
Individual deposits subject to check	$ 16,153.30	
Guaranty fund deposit	84.11	
Time certificates of deposit	41,722.02	
Cashier's checks outstanding	480.93	
Due to other banks	468.65	61,919.51
Bills payable		2,500.00
Total		$ 77,196.88

State of North Dakota,
County of Burleigh, ss.

I, H. P. Goddard, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. P. Goddard,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28th day of February, 1921.

Lloyd L. Rockwood,
Notary Public.

(Seal)
My commission expires Oct. 29, 1926.

Correct—Attest:
H. P. Goddard,
Valentine Benz,
Directors.

PLACE PREMIUM ON QUALITY

Everybody Wants the Best if They Can Afford It—Quantity Not Always Desired.

The premium is on the best—on quality, not quantity—not the second best. Everybody wants the best if they can afford it. If they take the second best it is not because they prefer it.

MARKETS

BISMARCK GRAIN
(Furnished by Russell-Miller Co.)

Bismarck, Mar. 2

No. 1 dark northern	$1.[illegible]
No. 1 amber durum	1.29
No. 1 mixed durum	1.25
No. 1 red durum	1.20
No. 1 flax	1.45
No. 2 flax	1.40
No. 2 rye	1.17

SOUTH ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK.

Hog receipts, 17,500, steady to higher.
Bulk, $8 to $10.40.
Bulk, $9.65 to $10.25.
Cattle receipts, 6,000 killers, steady.
Fat steers, $6.5 to $8.
Cows and heifers, $4.25 to $6.75.
Calves steady, $10.
Stockers and feeders steady.
Sheep receipts, 9,000.
Sheep receipts, 9,000, weak.

Minneapolis, Mar. 2.—Wheat receipts 192 cars compared with 165 cars a year ago.

Cash No. 1 northern $1.65 7-8 to $1.69 7-8 Mar. $1.53 7-8 May $1.53 3-8

Corn No. 3 yellow 55 cents to 56 cents.

Oats No. 3 white 39 7-8 to 40 5-8 cents.

Flax $1.79 3-8 to $1.81 3-8.

Minneapolis, Mar. 2.—Flour unchanged. Shipments 34,079 barrels.

Barley 50 to 71 cents.

Rye No. 2 $1.44 1-2 to $1.45 1-2.

Bran $23.

THE GIRL ON THE JOB

How to Succeed—How to Get Ahead—How to Make Good

By JESSIE ROBERTS

CHANCE WITH POULTRY

WHEN a woman wants to earn money and doesn't know how seven times out of ten she will decide that the thing for her is poultry. She decides to raise chickens.

And after a while, with her money spent and more experience than she will know what to do with for years to come, she parts from her chickens, those that are left, and goes to some other and as far away as possible place, deciding to clerk in a store or wait in a lunchroom rather than ever see a live chicken again.

But women do make a success with poultry, and they are among the happiest and healthiest and most satisfied women in America. The life outdoors with the pretty birds they raise, the feeling that they have a home of their own and are their own masters, and the genuine interest of the work are all factors in this result. But the young woman who turns longingly toward chicken raising, especially at the prevailing prices for eggs and poultry, needs to stop, look and listen.

If she can afford the time and money, a two-year course in some agricultural school or college will be a fine thing. But she can do without this. She can get excellent books on the subject, and if she looks about a little she may be able to get some practical experience on a poultry farm. One summer would be a great help if so spent.

Successful raisers agree that it takes four or five acres of land and about five hundred pullets to make a start. The same experts say that it requires at least 2,000 chickens to make a good living. This means plenty of work, especially in the hatching season. With that number on a well-managed ten-acre lot a girl can count on a fair income. She can supplement her profits by keeping pigeons, that are also a good investment when you know how to handle them, and further by having a healthy little settlement of hares and rabbits for the market.

By that time she can afford a flivver and begin to buy some baby bonds.

(Copyright.)

THE WOODS

BY DOUGLAS MALLOCH

YOU.

TO EACH of us comes a day like
this one now and then,
A day when all the mists of old enwrap the soul again;
Last night, a smile upon my lips, I
gave myself to rest,
Today awoke by ancient ill, by hurts
of old, oppressed.

I know not why these shadows come,
these shades of vain desire,
I do but know they creeping come to
sit beside the fire;
And earth is but an empty place, and
joy has flickered out,
And faith has fallen by the hand,
assassin hand, of doubt.

I only ask in such an hour, when such
shall come to me,
I only ask in such an hour that You
are there to see,
I only ask in such an hour I need but
stretch my hand
And know that it shall feel the clasp
of You, who understand.

(Copyright.)

Copied the Clock Business.

Originating in a clock bought at the international exhibition at Vienna in 1873, and copied by a clever workman, Japan now has nineteen factories in Nagoya alone, producing 75 per cent of the 285,645 clocks exported last year. This export was valued at about $700,000.

R. S. ENGE, D. C. Ph. C.
Chiropractor
Consultation Free
Suite 9, 11—Lucas Block—Phone 280

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

WEBB BROTHERS
Undertakers Embalmers Funeral Directors
Licensed Embalmer in Charge
DAY PHONE 50 NIGHT PHONES 65—887

BISMARCK MOTOR COMPANY
Distributors of
STUDEBAKER
and
CADILLAC
AUTOMOBILES

PERRY UNDERTAKING PARLORS
Licensed Embalmers in Charge
Day Phone 100 Night Phone 100 or 687

BISMARCK FURNITURE COMPANY
220 MAIN STREET
Upholstered Furniture Made to Order

Richmond & Whitney
SHOE FITTERS
MAIN STREET

Rare sugars, for detecting typhoid, cost several hundred dollars a pound.

Flax straw is used in the manufacture of rugs, carpets and upholstery.

Hupmobile
CARL PEDERSON
FACTORY DISTRIBUTOR,
Southwestern North Dakota and Southeastern Montana
BISMARCK, N. D.

Freckles and His Friends

We're Afraid He Expects Too Much — By Blosser

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

American Business Mobilizes to Fight for Foreign Trade

Co-operative Spirit Developed in War-time Activities Now to Be Used for Peace Conquest in Field of World Commerce.

NOTHING less than a world war was necessary to prove the cohesive strength of American business and now a world trade deadlock is calling for the unified energy of American business men. It is characteristic that having triumphed through community of effort over the enemy, war, the same energy is to be exerted against the enemy, peace-trade stagnation. The system and methods that brought success before are to be utilized again, this time to spread American goods to the ends of the earth through the agency of the Foreign Trade Financing Corporation, now being organized with a capital of $100,000,000.

America recently reached the point of maiximum domestic production. The machinery it built up in the last six years when the whole world leaned upon it for help is relapsing into idleness because Europe and the other continents cannot do business with us without proper help in the way of credit. The world is in the position of having a surplus of commodities in one country with many countries under-produced and hungry for these commodities. There is, however, threatening a deadlock in foreign trade and it is becoming practically impossible for the country which has plenty to sell to the countries which have little.

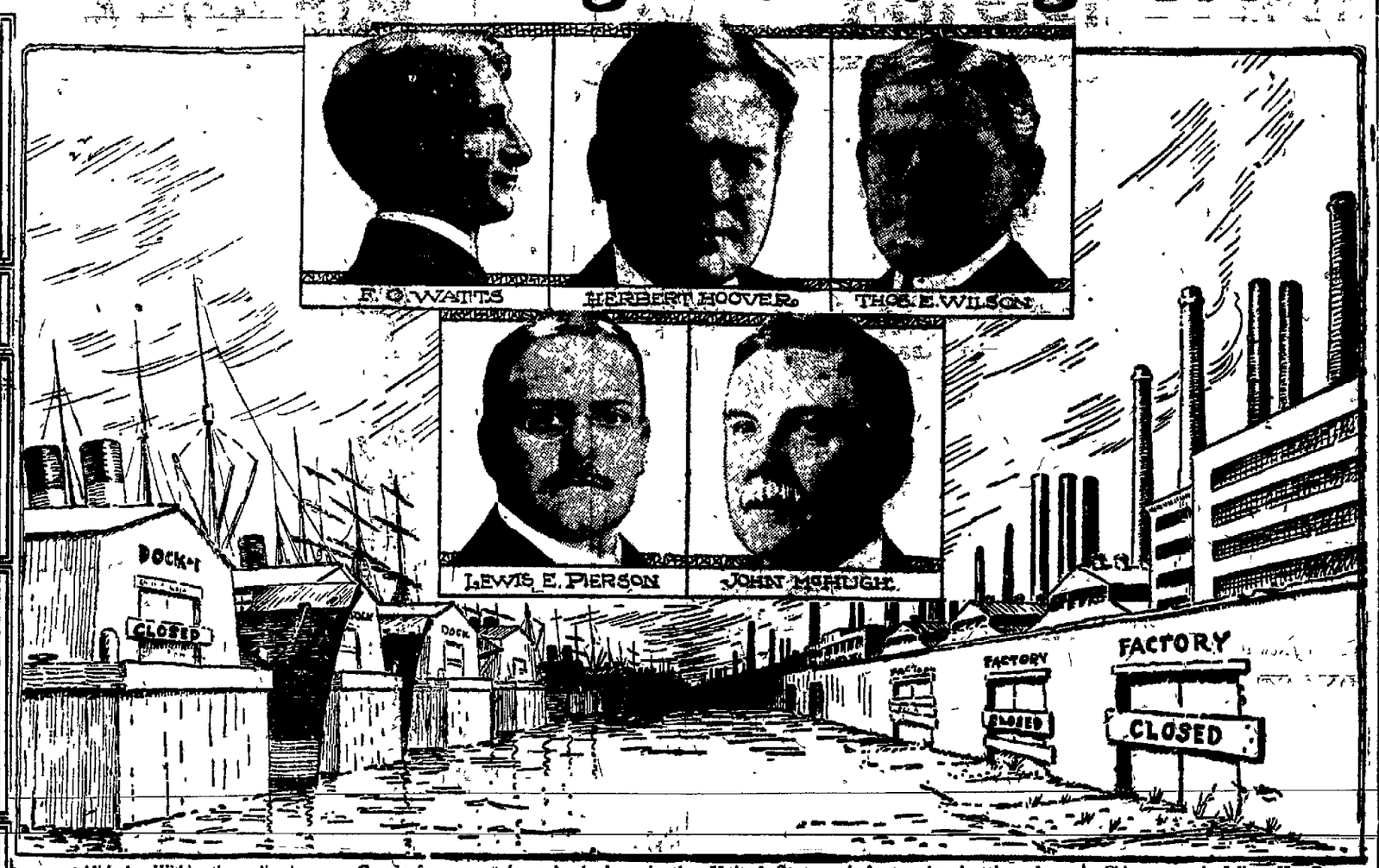
Because of lack of the proper banking organization for the financing of long-term credits, the United States has been compelled to limit its disposal of goods abroad to those who could pay for them in cash or on other than long-term credits. The countries in need of supplies now find this impossible because they are carrying the burden of a heavy war, have not yet attained their normal productivity and are temporarily without sufficient funds to pay.

The solution is obvious. Long-term credits will enable these impoverished countries to buy such materials and commodities as will enable them to become self producing. When internal productiveness is restored, they will be able to meet the bills for the goods that aided them in reaching this point. The solution of this difficulty is contained in the operating scheme of the Foreign Trade Financing Corporation, proposed last December at a meeting in Chicago of the financial, industrial, agricultural and commercial leaders of the country, and now being organized under authority of the Edge amendment to the Federal Reserve Act, which permits the organization of a corporation to deal in long term credits and thus to finance foreign trade.

When the vision that is behind this corporation is realized, the shipment of American goods to every corner of the world will be a regular thing in our business and producing life. It will mean, that all our producing forces will be kept at work, that industry and agriculture will resume at a greater pace than ever before, and that labor again will find employment.

American business is a unit back of this plan and business methods are being employed to enlist national support for the corporation. Believing it to be a great national enterprise, the stock of the new corporation is being sold on broader lines than employed in the usual method of financing big companies in the large cities and methods similar to those used in the great national campaigns of the recent past are being practised.

For the purpose of the sales campaign, the whole country has been divided into units, corresponding in their dimensions to the Federal Reserve districts. There is more than a geographical relationship in this fact; the new corporation comes under the supervision of the Federal Reserve Board, in accordance with the provisions of the law under which



was established. Within these districts the banks and trust companies will offer and accept subscriptions and, as during the war, will derive no commissions or fees for this work. Within each district there will be State organizations and these will be repeated on a smaller scale in the cities and towns of the country, so in general the scope of the loan campaigns will be repeated.

The Foreign Trade Financing Corporation was formed under exceptional auspices; it had the approval of the American Bankers Association, and special committees of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, the National Foreign Trade Council, the American Manufacturers Export Association of Manufacturers, the American Exporters and Importers Association and the American Farm Bureau Federation. Thus, it may be said to be representative of every field of business life.

However, business men will do more than give approval. They will work for the success of the enterprise. Committees composed of the [illegible] city and town are being formed to work actively for the speedy capitalization of the corporation. And like banks they give their services gratuitously.

The character of the corporation may be judged by the calibre and standing of the men it has attracted as organizers. These include: John McHugh, Vice-President of the Mechanics and Metals Bank, New York City; John S. Drum, President of the American Bankers Association; James B. Forgan, Chairman of the Board, First National Bank, Chicago; Herbert Hoover, Chairman American Relief Administration; F. O. Watts, President First National Bank of St. Louis; Lewis E. Pierson, Chairman of Board, Irving National Bank, New York City; Thoma. E. Wilson, President, Wilson and Company, Chicago; and Julius H. Barnes, President, Barnes-Ames Company, Duluth.

Goods for export have backed up in the United States; industry is shutting down and ships are riding idle. However, a great impetus to foreign trade is now in prospect. There is under way a unity of American business men to establish the United States trade permanently all over the world. The financial, commercial, industrial and agricultural leaders of the country are expected to resume production on an unprecedented scale through the operation of the Foreign Trade Financing Corporation, some of whose organizers are shown above.

Working under the direction of the Organization Committee in New York City these men of prominence nationally and locally will instruct the public in the meaning and the possibilities of the new export trade. Their energies will be directed to getting the work under way at the earliest moment so that America may win and hold her world-wide supremacy. Chambers of Commerce, Boards of Trade and commercial organizations will lend their associated strength to individual efforts to clinch this victory of peace.

SPORTORIAL

SOUTHLAND CALLS MATTY

Going south with the team in spring is a fever that never leaves a great player.

Christy Mathewson writes the Giants to keep his spiked shoes and bat ready for him.

"I'm winning this game at Saranac Lake," writes Matty. "Next year I may need my spikes and bat."

And the whole world is pulling for Big Six to win his grim game with death

This spring will be the first in 21 years he hasn't gone south with a team.

Those who love their game never forget its thrills.

And in baseball the LURE OF THE SOUTHLAND comes back each spring.

DIAMOND NEWS HUBS

News hubs in baseball are its stars. Hight-fever interest in baseball's stars lasts only as long as their greatness.

Larry Lajoie and Honus Wagner were once the chief news hubs.

Then Ty Cobb, Walter Johnson and Tris Speaker bloomed, all about the same time.

All are still news hubs. But they do not equal Babe Ruth.

George Sisler and Rogers Hornsby are coming news hubs.

But the news hub of 1921 may be a raw rookie now.

You never can tell.

LEFT EARFUL

'Tis time of year when spring is near,
And veteran pitchers think
They're all in trim and full of vim—
But lack mid-season pink!

RIGHT EARFUL

To Dixie's sun ball players run
As fast as they are able—
It's not the work that makes 'em run
But 'tis the training table

BONES DON'T CREAK YET

San Fransisco, Mar. 2—Catcher Sam Agnew is getting old but his bones don't creak. He writes Mgr. Graham of the Seals that he's getting 'darned old but he is full of da pep." Agnew was one of the best receivers on the coast last year.

Spooks Contradictory.

One of the features of Sir Oliver Lodge's "Raymond," which attracted much comment, was the alleged statement of the spirit Raymond that tobacco and cocktails were available in the spirit world. Raymond's testimony receives a challenge in "Revelations of Louise," by Albert A. Crockett. One of the spirits in this record asks for a cigar and says: "I have not smoked since I died. We don't have tobacco over here." He then explains that when the spirit reenters the flesh its appetites come back as in life.—From a Bulletin of E. A. Stokes Company.

Preventing Chapped Faces and Hands

Chapped hands and faces, a well known physician says, are a form of inflammation of the skin caused by unnatural dryness. In winter the fat glands are inactive and to prevent chapping, the skin should be supplied with lubrication. Too frequent washing should be avoided and the skin dried very carefully. Then cold cream or olive oil should be rubbed into the skin. Before retiring the skin should receive the same treatment.

American Houses for France.

American contractors are constructing a thousand wooden houses for France. The windows, doors, paint nails and bolts go with each house Each house will consist of three rooms and a shed, and will occupy about 22 square feet.

RIGHT EARFUL

When a player grows old,
Just to keep up his rep—
He writes to his skipper
That he's full of da pep.

"There's More Real Satisfaction"
says the Good Judge

In a little of the Real Tobacco Chew, than you ever got out of the ordinary kind.

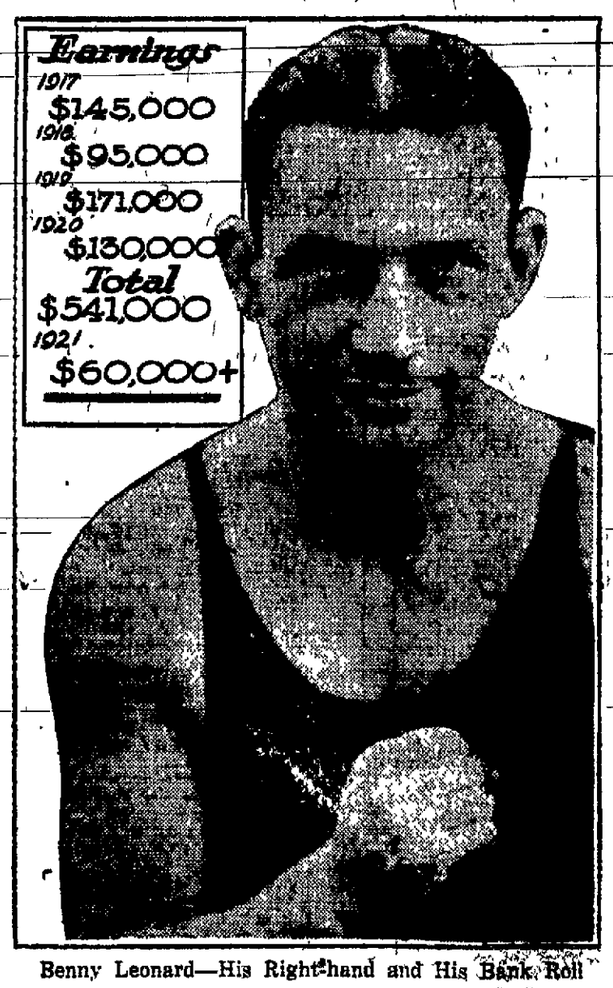
The good rich taste lasts so long you don't need a fresh chew nearly as often—that's why it costs you less to chew this class of tobacco.

Any man who uses the Real Tobacco Chew will tell you that.

Put up in two styles

W-B CUT is a long fine-cut tobacco
RIGHT CUT is a short-cut tobacco

LEONARD'S $600,000 RIGHT



Benny Leonard—His Right hand and His Bank Roll

Champion Socks Way to Fortune in Four Years of Boxing

BY DEAN SNYDER

Benny Leonard has knocked out more than $600,000 in four years with his right-hand. Benny is a two-handed champion, but his right is the main socker.

The $60,000 purse he received for kayoing Richie Mitchell at Ann Morgan's benefit show was the biggest he'd ever gathered

Ever since he won the title from Freddie Welsh in 1917 he has been one of the ring's best money makers

The year he won the title he earned $14,000 in 24 fights

Fifteen bouts brought in $95,000 in 1918

Biggest Killing

In 1919 he made his biggest killing Proceeds of 22 fights put $171,000 in the cash register

Last year his drawing powers in 13 fights totaled $130,000 He was fighting less often but getting bigger cuts

Leonard doesn't pull on a glove any more for less than $10,000 or $15,000

This year he's got a good lead in breaking his past purse records.

Leonard has paid out about a third of his earnings for taxes and a manager.

Right now he tops the lightweights with no close contenders except Lew Tendler.

Before he reaches the down grade he'll probably earn $600,000 more

He has been fighting since 1912

Old as Fighter

Although he is but 25, he is old so far as ring years go. And ring years really determine a fighter's age

Carpentier at 27 is an old fighter He's been boxing since he was 12

Willard is close to 40. But he was 28 when he began to fight No other boxer began as late as Big Jess and won a championship.

Abroad Next

About the only big league boxing Leonard hasn't tried is in Europe

And Billy Gibson has been teaching Benny French and studying the steamship timetables.

Neither England nor France has any fighters of Leonard's caliber but he could swell that $600,000 bank roll by doing exhibition work.

They'd like him, too.

Leonard is a REAL champion—the most perfect fighting mechanism in the world.

North Carolina Mule Routed Dairy Invader

A terrific racket in the barn of A. Johnson, a farmer, of near Raleigh, N. C., announced that a milk thief had met his Waterloo at the business end of a farm mule.

Johnson had planted the mule in the stall of a cow which the thief had been milking at night. When the farmer reached the barn, shotgun in hand, he found a battered milk pail, a wrecked milking stool, a hat, a self-satisfied mule, but no thief.

FIRES OF PECULIAR ORIGIN

Many Disastrous Conflagrations Have Been the Result of Incidents of Most Trivial Character.

There have been a number of cases lately of women's frocks catching fire without any obvious cause. The mischief has now been traced to an "art silk" which is really material prepared during the war for the manufacture of cartridges.

Fires are started in all sorts of odd ways. A man had just taken his seat at dinner when his dress jacket burst into flames. The solution was found in the fact that a potash throat lozenge, loose in his pocket, had become ignited by pressure against the side of a safety match box.

A few years ago a rounded window in a chemist's shop at Scarborough focused the rays of the sun so that they set fire to a celluloid box, while a fly was responsible for the destruction of a large house at Westport, in New Zealand. The insect flew into a gas jet, and, escaping with its wings ablaze, blundered into a muslin curtain which at once burst into flames.

Birds have been responsible for more than one conflagration. At Coverack, in Cornwall, a chimney in a farmhouse took fire. Out of it fluttered an owl with its feathers burning. It settled on a hayrick, and the latter was completely destroyed.

Rain falling on a truck of lime at Beccles Station caused a fire which destroyed the truck and its contents, and the string of a military kite falling across overhead tramway wires and a wooden house caused the destruction of the latter.

A strange case occurred in a wood near Grange over Sands Red ants had constructed a huge hill in the roots of a splendid fir tree. Hot weather dried the heap, which was composed of vegetable matter. Then came warm rain and a return of heat. Chemical action resulted in spontaneous combustion, and the heap ignited, setting fire to the tree and bringing it to the ground.—London Tit-Bits.

Colors Affect the Health.

It is no longer a theory, but a proven fact, that certain colors produce certain desirable or extremely disastrous effects, even upon the ordinarily sensitive mind. Psychologists, eminent physicians, and skilled decorators are making a keen study of this subject, and each year discloses some new and valuable truth.

For a long time we have known that blue and violet were employed successfully in treating nervous cases; and so soothing indeed is blue that, when used in a whole room scheme—walls, curtains, rugs—it acts as a partial anesthesia upon extremely sensitive natures, sufficient for dental purposes or the carrying out of minor operations.

Red develops the action of the muscles as much as 50 per cent and is often employed in the medicinal world where stimulating results are desired, as in the treatment of smallpox, melancholia and certain forms of anemia. Red, therefore, is not a good color to choose when decorating the room of a "teenage" child, for, aside from its hot and heavy suggestion in summer, it overstimulates the already restless nature of the growing boy or girl.—Good Housekeeping.

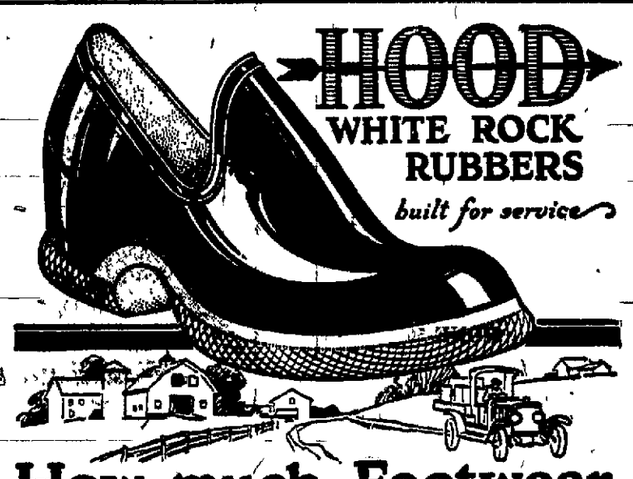
Remarkable Thirsts.

Glassblowers are known to drink from fifty to sixty pints of water during a day's work and to be nothing the worse for it, but they are beaten by a young and capable worker of whom a physician reports that he drank 12 gallons of water a day and a whole tubful of it during the night.

LEFT EARFUL

When a rookie signs up
Why so small is his rep—
He writes to his skipper
That he's gotta da pep.

TRIBUNE WANTS—FOR RESULTS



How much Footwear
Isn't it the *wear* in footwear that interests you?

YOU know when a rubber looks good and you know when it fits well. What you want to know is, will it fall apart like many a political argument, or will it stand by you like an old friend. You can buy White Rock Rubbers on the basis that the name HOOD is your guarantee for the delivery of more than satisfactory service under all conditions.

White Rock Rubbers "wear".
Buy them by *name*.
Ask any dealer or write us.

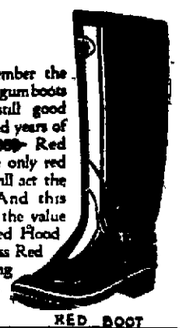
HOOD RUBBER PRODUCTS COMPANY, INC.
WATERTOWN MASSACHUSETTS

Rubber — Canvas HOOD FOOTWEAR

Hood made the first Kattle King. And it has never been successfully imitated Just look them over next time you're in the store. All rubber uppers, that clean easily. Tough soles that give miles and miles of wear Heavy brown fleece linings that keep the feet warm, and many other points of superior construction. Ask for Kattle Kings and look for the name HOOD

KATTLE KING

Do you remember the old black pure gum boots which were still good after years and years of keeping? HOOD Red Boots are the only red boots which will act the same way And this clearly shows the value of the patented Hood Pressure Process Red Boots wear long and look well.



RED BOOT

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®